

Agilent 89441A Vector Signal Analyzer

Vector Signal Analyzer dc to 2.65 GHz

Data Sheet

Definitions

Analog demodulation mode = Measurements with AM, PM, and FM demodulation capabilities.

Baseband = dc to 10 MHz measurements.

Baseband time = Time-domain measurements selected by setting start frequency to exactly 0 Hz or choosing full span in 0 to 10 MHz measurements.

dBc = dB relative to input signal level.

dBfs = dB relative to full scale amplitude range setting. Full scale is approximately 2 dB below ADC overload.

FS or fs = Full scale; synonymous with amplitude range or input range.

RBW = Resolution bandwidth.

RF = 2 MHz to 2.65 GHz measurements.

Scalar mode = Measurements with only frequency-domain analysis available. Frequency spans up to 2648 MHz.

SNR = Signal to noise ratio.

Vector mode = Measurements with frequency- and time-domain capabilities. Frequency spans up to 10 MHz in baseband, and 7 MHz for RF analysis (8 MHz with Option 89441A-AYH).

Zoom time = Time-domain measurements selected by setting frequency parameters using center frequency and span values.

Introduction

Specifications describe warranted performance over the temperature range of 0° to 45°C (except where noted) and include a 30-minute warm-up from ambient conditions, automatic calibrations enabled, auto-zero on, time domain calibration off, and anti-alias filter in, unless noted otherwise. Supplemental characteristics identified as "typical" or "characteristic" provide useful information by giving non-warranted performance parameters. Typical performance is applicable from 20° to 30°C. When enabled, automatic calibrations are periodically performed to compensate for the effects of temperature and time sensitivities. During the calibration, no signals > 0 dBm should be connected to the front panel inputs.

Feature summary

Frequency

dc to 2.650 GHz 51 to 3201 points Center frequency signal-tracking

Instrument modes

Scalar (frequency-domain only)
Vector (amplitude and phase information in
frequency and time domain and also
time gating)
Analog demodulation (AM/FM/PM)

Sweep types

Continuous Single Manual



Agilent 89441A technical data — feature summary

Triggering

Free run External Input channel External arm

IF channel Programmable polarity

Internal source and level

GPIB Pre and post delay

Trigger holdoff

Averaging

Video Peak hold

Video exponential Simultaneous display of Inne instantaneous and average spectrum

Source types

CW Periodic chirp

Random noise Arbitrary (up to 8192 points)

Input

One channel

Second 10 MHz input channel (optional)

Auto-ranging (baseband only)

Overload indicators

 $50/75/1M \Omega$ BNC (dc to 10 MHz)

50 Ω Type-N, 75 Ω with minimum-loss pad (2 MHz to

2650 MHz)

Resolution/window shapes

1-3-10 bandwidth steps

Arbitrary RBW

Windows: Flat-top (high amplitude accuracy), Gaussian-top (high dynamic range), Hanning

(high frequency resolution), Uniform Detectors: normal, positive peak, sample

Measurement data

Spectrum Time capture

PSD Frequency response,
Main time coherence, cross
Gate time spectrum, and cross
Math function correlation (with second
Data register 10 MHz input channel)
Auto correlation Instantaneous spectrum

Data format

Log magnitude Imaginary part Linear magnitude Group delay Phase (wrap or unwrap) Log/linear x-axis

Real part

Trace math

Display

1, 2, or 4 grids

1 to 4 traces displayed (single or overlay)

Auto-scaling

Color (user definable)

User trace title and information

Graticule on/off
Data label blanking

X-axis scaling

Instrument/Measurement state displays

External monitor

Markers

Marker search: Peak, next peak, next peak right,

next peak, left, minimum

Marker to: Center frequency, reference level, start

frequency, stop frequency

Offset markers

Couple markers between traces

Marker functions: Peak track, frequency counter, band

power (frequency, time, or demodulation

results), peak/average statistics

Memory and data-storage

Disk devices

Nonvolatile RAM disk (100 Kbyte)

Volatile RAM disk (up to 20 Mbyte)

90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte flexible disk (LIF or

MS-DOS® formats)

External GPIB disk

Disk format and file delete, rename, and copy

Nonvolatile clock with time/date

Save/recall of: Trace data, instrument states, trace

math functions, Instrument BASIC program,

time-capture buffers

Online help

Hard copy output

GPIB/HPGL plotters

 $GPIB/RS\hbox{-}232/parallel\ printers$

Plot to file Time stamp

Single-plot spooling

Interfaces

GPIB (IEEE 488.1 and 488.2)

External reference in/out

External PC-style keyboard

Active probe power

RS-232 (one port)

Centronics

Centronics

LAN and second GPIB

Standard data format utilities

Optional features

Second 10 MHz input channel (Option 89441A-AY7) Extend time capture to 1 MSample (Option

89441A-AY9)

Internal RF source (Option 89441A-AY8)

Instrument BASIC (Option 89441A-1C2)

Vector modulation analysis (Option 89441A-AYA) Digital video modulation analysis (Option

89441A-AYH)

Waterfall and spectrogram (Option 89441A-AYB)

Advanced LAN support (Option 89441A-UG7) 3GPP W-CDMA analysis, includes code domain

power (Option 89441A-080)

W-CDMA code domain power for exper. sys.

(Option 89441A-B73)

ARIB 1.0-1.2 W-CDMA analysis (Option 89441A-B79)

Enhanced data rates for GSM evol. (EDGE)

(Option 89441A-B7A)

Agilent 89441A technical data – RF

RF specifications apply with the receiver mode set to "RF section (2–2650 MHz)."

Frequency

Frequency tuning

Frequency range 2 MHz to 2650 MHz

Frequency span

Scalar mode 1 Hz to 2648 MHz Vector mode 1 Hz to 7 MHz (8 MHz

with Option 89441A-AYH)

Center frequency tuning

resolution 0.001 Hz

Number of frequency

points/span 51 to 3201

Signal track (when enabled) keeps the largest measured signal at the center frequency.

Frequency accuracy (with standard high-precision frequency reference)

Frequency accuracy is the sum of initial accuracy, aging, and temperature drift.

Initial accuracy ±0.1 ppm

Aging ± 0.015 ppm/month Temperature drift ± 0.005 ppm (0° to 55°C)

Frequency counter

The frequency counter operates in scalar or vector mode.

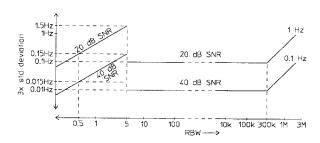
Frequency counter accuracy:

Total accuracy is the sum of the frequency counter's basic accuracy and the instrument's frequency accuracy.

Conditions/exceptions:

Signal-to-noise ratio within resolution bandwidth, $20~\mathrm{dB}$ minimum

Marker within ½ resolution bandwidth of peak Unspecified for uniform window and resolution bandwidth < 5 Hz



Frequency counter basic accuracy

Stability (spectral purity) (with standard high-precision frequency reference or equivalent with ≥ 5 dBm level)

Phase noise (absolute and residual):

 $F_{in} \leq 200~MHz$

100 Hz offset < -103 dBc/Hz1 kHz offset < -112 dBc/Hz $\geq 10 \text{ kHz offset}$ < -116 dBc/Hz

 $200~MHz \leq F_{in} \leq 1~GHz$

100 Hz offset < -96 dBc/Hz1 kHz offset < -104 dBc/Hz $\geq 10 \text{ kHz offset}$ < -116 dBc/Hz

 $1~GHz \leq F_{in} \leq 2650~MHz$

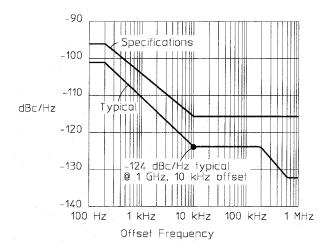
 $\begin{array}{lll} 100~\text{Hz offset} & < -87~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ 1~\text{kHz offset} & < -97~\text{dBc/Hz} \\ \geq 10~\text{kHz offset} & < -116~\text{dBc/Hz} \end{array}$

LO spurious sidebands

Offset > 1 kHz < -75 dBc

Offset $\leq 1 \text{ kHz}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} f_{in} \leq 2 \ GHz & < -70 \ dBc \\ f_{in} > 2 \ GHz & < -68 \ dBc \end{array} \label{eq:fin}$



Spectral purity at 1 GHz

Agilent 89441A technical data – RF

Resolution bandwidth

Range $312.5 \,\mu\text{Hz}$ to 3 MHz in 1, 3, 10

sequence or arbitrary user-definable

bandwidth

Note: In scalar mode, the minimum resolution bandwidth is 312.5 μ Hz and the maximum resolution bandwidth is a function of span. In vector mode, the minimum resolution bandwidth is a function of span and the number of frequency points, and the maximum resolution bandwidth is a function of span only.

Window	Selectivity ¹	Passband flatness	Sideband level
Flat-top	2.45:1	+ 0, -0.01 dB	-95 dBc
Gaussian-top	4.0:1	+ 0, -0.68 dB	-125 dBc
Hanning	9.1:1	+ 0, -1.5 dB	-32 dBc
Uniform	716:1	+ 0, –4 dB	-13 dBc

^{1.} Shape factor or ratio of -60 dB to -3 dB bandwidths.

Amplitude

Input range -50 dBm to +25 dBm

(5 dB steps)

Maximum safe input power

Average continuous +25 dBm (300 mW)

power

DC voltage 25 V

A/D overload level

> 1.5 dB above range

(typical)

Input port

Input channels 1

VSWR

Range \geq - 20 dBm 1.6:1 (12.7 dB return loss) Range \leq -25 dBm 1.8:1 (11 dB return loss)

Impedance $50 \Omega (75 \Omega \text{ with minimum})$

loss pad Option 89441A-1D7)

Connector Type-N

Amplitude accuracy

Accuracy specifications apply with flat-top window selected. Amplitude accuracy is the sum of absolute full-scale accuracy and amplitude linearity.

Absolute full-scale accuracy (with signal level

equal to range)

Amplitude linearity

0 to -30 dBfs < 0.10 dB -30 to -50 dBfs < 0.15 dB -50 to -70 dBfs < 0.20 dB

In vector mode, relative level accuracy within a single span is the sum of vector mode frequency response and amplitude linearity.

Vector mode frequency response (relative to the center frequency)

±0.4 dB

Agilent 89441A technical data - RF

Dynamic range

Dynamic range indicates the amplitude range that is free of erroneous signals within the measurement bandwidth.

Harmonic distortion (with a single full scale signal at the input)

≥ –25 dBm range	< -75 dBc
≤ –30 dBm range	< -54 dBc

Third-order intermodulation < -75 dBc distortion (with two input tones at 6 dB below full scale and ≥ 10 MHz)

General spurious (with input signal level equal to range and input frequency ≤ 2650 MHz)

For spans ≤ 1.5 MHz and for	< -75 dBc
offset frequencies \leq .5 MHz	
from input signal	
For all spans and offsets	<-70 dBc ¹

<-80 dBfs

Input noise density (50 Ω input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)²

Residual responses (50 Ω input)

≥ –25 dBm range ≤ –30 dBm range	20°- 30°C < -115 dBfs/Hz < -110 dBfs/Hz	0° - 55°C < -112 dBfs/Hz < -109 dBfs/Hz
Sensitivity ² –50 dBm range	< -160 dBm/Hz	< -159 dBm/Hz

Phase (vector mode)

Phase specifications apply with flat-top window selected.

Deviation from linear phase (relative to best fit line with peak signal level within 6 dB of full scale): ±5 deg

Time (vector mode)

Time-sample resolution = 1/(k*span(Hz)) [second]; where k = 1.28 for zoom time.

Main time length = (number of frequency points – 1) ÷ span (Hz) [second]; for resolution bandwidth in arbitrary and auto-coupled mode.

Amplitude accuracy (for a sine wave in the measurement passband, time-domain calibrations on, range ≥ -25 dBm)

$20^{\circ} - 30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$	±12% full scale
	(±6% typical)
0° – 55° C	±26% full scale

Sample error rate for zoom time (typical)

Error threshold: 10⁻⁸ times/sample

5% full scale

Sample error rate reflects the probability of an error greater than the error threshold occurring in one time sample.

^{1. &}lt; -60 dBc for RF (2-2650 MHz)-wide (Option 89441A-AYH)

^{2.} Add 4 dB for RF (2-2650 MHz)-wide (Option 89441A-AYH)

Agilent 89441A technical data – RF

Analog demodulation

Demodulation specifications apply with demodulation mode selected and time-domain calibration on.

AM, PM, or FM demodulation. Auto carrier locking is available with PM or FM demodulators and the carrier value determined is a displayable marker function.

Demodulator bandwidth (determined by selected measurement span)

Maximum bandwidth 7 MHz (typical)

AM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy ±1%

Dynamic range 60 dB (100%) for a pure AM

signal

Cross demodulation < 0.3% AM on an FM signal

with 10 kHz modulation, 200 kHz deviation

PM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy ±3 degrees

Dynamic range 60 dB (rad) for a pure PM

signal

Cross demodulation < 1 degree PM on an AM

signal with 80% modulation

FM demodulation (typical performance)

Accuracy ±1% of span

Dynamic range 60 dB (Hz) for a pure FM

signal

Cross demodulation < 0.5% of span FM on an AM

signal with 80% modulation

Trigger

Trigger types

Scalar mode Free run, internal source,

GPIB, external (each measurement step requires

a separate trigger)

Vector mode Free run, IF channel,

internal source, GPIB,

external

Pre-trigger delay range (see time specifications for

sample resolution)

One channel 64 Ksamples (1 Msample

with extended time capture, Option 89441A-AY9)

Two channels 32 Ksamples (0.5 Msample

(requires second with extended time

10 MHz input, capture,

Option 89441A-AY7) Option 89441A-AY9)

Post-trigger delay 2 Gsample

range (see time specifications for sample resolution)

Trigger holdoff

When enabled, each measurement requires two trigger events. The first event starts a holdoff timer. After the specified holdoff time, a subsequent trigger event will initiate a measurement.

Holdoff resolution 2.5 µs

Holdoff range 2.5 µs to 41 s

IF trigger (characteristics only)

Used to trigger only on in-band energy, where the trigger bandwidth is determined by the measurement span (rounded to the next higher

 $10^{7}\!/2^{n}$ [Hz]).

Amplitude resolution < 1 dB

Amplitude ranges +1 to -70 dBfs. Usable

range will become limited by the total integrated noise in the measurement span.

IF trigger hysterysis < 4 dB

External trigger (positive and negative slope)

Level accuracy ±0.5 V Range ±5 V

Input impedance $10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typical)}$

External arm

Level accuracy ±0.5 V

Agilent 89441A technical data - RF

Range ±5 V

Input impedance $10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (typical)}$

Source (requires internal RF source Option 89441A-AY8)

Source types¹ CW (fixed sine), (vector mode) random noise,

periodic chirp, Imped

arbitrary

Frequency

Range 2 MHz to 2650 MHz

Maximum offset from center 3.5 MHz

frequency

Amplitude (fixed sine source type)

Amplitude range -40 dBm to +13 dBm

Typical maximum +17 dBm

amplitude (overdrive is available using direct numeric entry)

Amplitude resolution 0.1 dB

Amplitude accuracy (source level ≤ 13 dBm)

Source amplitude accuracy is the sum of absolute accuracy at the center frequency (zero offset frequency) and the IF flatness.

at the center

frequency

IF flatness (relative $\pm 1 dB$ $\pm 1.5 dB$

to center frequency)

IF Flatness with $\pm 0.3 \text{ dB}$

 $|\, \text{offset frequency} \, | \leq 500 \,\, \text{kHz}$

Dynamic range (source level ≤ 0 dBm)

Harmonic distortion < -40 dBc Non-harmonic spurious < -40 dBc

(within measurement

bandwidth)

Average noise level <-120 dBc/Hz

(for offsets > 1 MHz from the carrier and carrier frequency > 100 MHz. For offsets < 1 MHz, add the LO phase noise.)

Crosstalk (source-to-receiver, -80 dBfs

source level ≤ 0 dBm)

Source port

VSWR

Level \leq -10 dBm 1.8:1 (11 dB return loss)

Impedance 50 Ω (75 Ω with optional

minimum-loss pad)

Connector Type-N

See baseband section for random noise, periodic chirp, and arbitrary source characteristics.

Agilent 89441A technical data — baseband

Baseband specifications apply with the receiver mode set to "IF section (0–10 MHz)" or "RF section (0–10 MHz)" unless noted otherwise. Specifications noted as "IF section only" apply with the receiver mode set to "IF section (0–10 MHz)" and the input signal connected directly to the IF section's channel 1 or channel 2 input.

Frequency

Frequency tuning (characteristic only)

Frequency range dc to 10 MHz
Frequency span 1.0 Hz to 10 MHz
Center frequency tuning resolution 0.001 Hz
Number of frequency points/span 51 to 3201
Signal track (when enabled) keeps the largest measured signal at the center frequency.

Frequency accuracy

Same as the RF specifications.

Frequency counter

Same as the RF specifications.

Stability (spectral purity)

Absolute and residual phase noise, $F_{\rm in}$ = 10 MHz (with standard high precision frequency reference or equivalent)

 $\begin{array}{lll} 100~{\rm Hz~offset} & < -106~{\rm dBc/Hz} \\ 1~{\rm kHz~offset} & < -110~{\rm dBc/Hz} \\ \geq 10~{\rm kHz~offset} & < -120~{\rm dBc/Hz} \end{array}$

Phase noise decreases with decreasing input frequency by $20~log_{10}(F_{\rm in}/10~MHz)~dB$

Resolution bandwidth

Same as the RF specifications.

Amplitude

Input range (characteristic only) (2 dB steps)

50 Ω input -30 dBm to +24 dBm 75 Ω input -31.761 dBm to +22.239 dB 1 M \otimes input -30 dBm to +28 dBm (referenced to 50 Ω)

(10101011000 10 00 11)

Maximum safe input power

 $\begin{array}{lll} 50~\Omega/75~\Omega~\mathrm{input} & +27~\mathrm{dBm} \\ 1~\mathrm{M}\Omega~\mathrm{input} & 20~\mathrm{V}~\mathrm{peak} \end{array}$

Auto-ranging (characteristic only)

Up-only, up-down, single, off

Input port

Input channels 1 (second 10 MHz input

channel optional)

Return loss (IF section only)

 50Ω input > 25 dB75 Ω input > 20 dB

Coupling dc/ac (ac coupling

attenuation < 3 dB at 3 Hz)

Input impedance $50/75 \Omega$, $1 M\Omega \pm 2\%$

(IF section only) (< 80 pF shunt capacitance)

Connector BNC (RF section: type-N)

Amplitude accuracy

Accuracy specifications apply with flat-top window selected. Amplitude accuracy is the sum of absolute full-scale accuracy and amplitude linearity.

Absolute full-scale ±0.5 dB accuracy (IF section only, with signal

level equal to range)

Amplitude linearity

0 to -30 dBfs < 0.10 dB -30 to -50 dBfs < 0.15 dB -50 to -70 dBfs < 0.20 dB

Residual dc (50 Ω) < -25 dBfs

Agilent 89441A technical data — baseband

Dynamic range

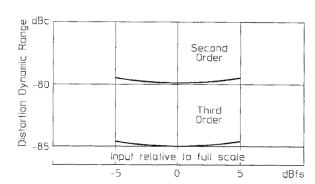
Dynamic range indicates the amplitude range that is free of erroneous signals within the measurement bandwidth.

Harmonic distortion (with a single full scale signal at the input)

2nd < -75 dBc (-80 dBc typical) 3rd, 4th, 5th < -75 dBc (-85 dBc typical)

Intermodulation distortion (with two input tones at 6 dB below full scale)

Second-order < -75 dBc (-80 dBc typical) Third-order < -75 dBc (-85 dBc typical)



Typical harmonic and intermodulation distortion

Residual (spurious) responses (IF section only) (50 Ω input and front panel connections to RF section disconnected)

Frequencies < 1 MHz < -75 dBfs or < -100 dBm

whichever is greater

Frequencies ≥ 1 MHz < -80 dBfs

Alias responses (for a

< -80 dBfs

single out-of-band tone at full scale)

Input noise density (50 Ω input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)

(-118 dBfs/Hz typical)

Sensitivity (-30 dBm range, $50 \otimes$ input, vector mode or scalar mode with sample detector)

(-148 dBm/Hz typical)

Crosstalk < -85 dBfs

(source-to-input or channel-to-channel, 50Ω terminations)

Phase (vector mode)

Phase specifications apply with flat-top window selected.

Deviation from linear ±5 degrees phase (relative to best fit line with peak signal level within 6 dB of full scale)

Time (vector mode)

Time-sample resolution = 1/(k*span(Hz)) [second]; where k = 1.28 for zoom time, 2.56 for baseband time measurements.

Main time length = (number of frequency points -1) \div span (Hz) [second]; for resolution bandwidth in arbitrary and auto-coupled mode.

Amplitude accuracy ±5% full scale (IF section only) (for a sinewave in the measurement passband, timedomain calibrations on)

Sample error rate for zoom time (typical) Error threshold: 10⁻⁸ times/sample

5% full scale

Sample error rate reflects the probability of an error greater than the error threshold occurring in one time sample.

Analog channel-to-channel < 1 ns time skew (IF section only) (time-domain calibrations on,both channels on the same range)

Analog demodulation

Same as RF analog demodulation specifications except as noted below.

Demodulator bandwidth (determined by selected measurement span)

Maximum bandwidth 10 MHz (typical)

Agilent 89441A technical data — baseband

Two-channel

The second 10 MHz input channel (Option 89441A-AY7) provides additional measurements, including frequency response, coherence, cross spectrum, and cross correlation. These measurements are made by comparing a signal on channel two to a signal on channel one or to a demodulated signal on the RF input.

Channel match ±0.25 dB, ±2.0 degrees

(IF section only, at the center of the frequency bins, dc coupled, 16 rms averages, frequency response, full scale inputs, both inputs on the same range. Exclude the first 5 bins of the dc response.)

Trigger

Same as RF trigger specifications with the following additional specifications.

Input channel trigger (positive and negative slope)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Level accuracy} & \pm 10\% \text{ full scale} \\ \text{Range} & \pm 110\% \text{ full scale} \end{array}$

Resolution Full scale/116 (typical)

Source (with output filter on)

Source types

Scalar mode CW (fixed sine), arbitrary

Vector mode CW, random noise, periodic chirp,

arbitrary

Random noise source % of energy in-band > 70%

(Span = $10 \text{ MHz}/2^{\text{N}}$, N = 1 to 24)

Periodic chirp source % of energy in-band > 85%

Frequency

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Frequency range} & \text{dc to 10 MHz} \\ \text{Frequency resolution} & 25 \ \mu\text{Hz} \end{array}$

Amplitude

Source level

CW and $-110 \, \text{dBm to } +23.979 \, \text{dBm } (50 \, \Omega)$,

random noise 5.0 Vpk maximum

Periodic chirp $-110 \text{ dBm to} + 19.542 \text{ dBm } (50 \Omega),$

and arbitrary 3.0 Vpk maximum

DC offset ±3.42 V maximum (resolution and

range of programmable dc offset is dependent on source amplitude)

Amplitude accuracy (50 Ω , fixed sine)

(IF section only)

Harmonic and other spurious products (fixed sine,

0 V dc offset)

dc to 10 kHz < -55 dBc 10 kHz to 5 MHz < -40 dBc 5 MHz to 10 MHz < -33 dBc

Source port

Return loss (IF section only) > 20 dB Source impedance > $50/75 \Omega$

Arbitrary source characteristics

The arbitrary source repetitively outputs data stored in a data register. The data register may contain a single time record or, with Option 89441A-AYB, a trace buffer. The time length of the register depends on the time-sample resolution for the span entered when the data register was saved or created. See time specifications for time-sample resolution details.

Arbitrary source length

Single time record Up to 4096 complex or

8192 real points.

Trace buffer (Requires Option 89441A-AYB) Up to 16,384 real or complex points. Some configurations allow up to 32,768 real or complex

points (see the *Operator's Guide* for details)

Agilent 89441A technical data – general

Safety and environmental

Safety standards

CSA certified for electronic test and measurement equipment per CSA C22.2, No. 231

This product is designed

for compliance to UL1244 and IEC348, 1978

Acoustics LpA < 55 dB typical at

25°C ambient

(temperature controlled

fan to reduce noise

output)

Temperature

Operating 0° to 45° C Internal disk operations 4° to 40° C Storage (no disk in drive) -20° to 60° C

Humidity, non-condensing

Operating 10% to 85% at 40°C Internal disk operations 20% to 80% at 30°C Storage (no disk in drive) 10% to 85% at 40°C

Altitude

Operating (above 4600 m (15,000 ft)

2285 m [7,500 ft], derate operating temperature by -3.6° C/1000 m [-1.1°C/1000 ft])

Storage 4600 m (15,000 ft)

Calibration interval 1 year

Warm-up time 30 minutes

Power requirements

115 VAC operation

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{IF section} & 90-140 \, \text{Vrms}, 47-440 \, \text{Hz} \\ \text{RF section} & 90-140 \, \text{Vrms}, 47-63 \, \text{Hz} \\ 230 \, \text{VAC operation} & 198-264 \, \text{Vrms}, 47-63 \, \text{Hz} \\ \end{array}$

Maximum power dissipation

IF section 750 VA RF section 275 VA

IEC 801-3 (radiated immunity) performance degradation may occur at severity level 2.

Physical

Weight	IF section RF section	21 kg (46 lb) 25 kg (55 lb)
Dimensions		
IF section	Height	230 mm (9.1 in)
	Width	426 mm (16.7 in)
	Depth	530 mm (20.9 in)
RF section	Height	187 mm (7.4 in)
	Width	426 mm (16.7 in)
	Depth	525 mm (20.7 in)

Real time bandwidth (characteristics only)

Real-time bandwidth is the maximum frequency span that can be continually analyzed without missing any time segment of the input signal.

Frequency spans of 10⁷/2ⁿ Hz, arbitrary autocoupled resolution bandwidth, markers off, one display trace with calculations off on other traces, and maximum frequency points equal to number of frequency points.

Averaging off

off)

Single-channel vector mode (log magnitude spectrum 60 updates/second measurement data, 1601

frequency points, channel 2 off, averaging off)

Two-channel vector mode 39.0625 kHz, (requires second 10 MHz input channel, Option 89441A-AY7) (Log magnitude frequency response measurement data, 801 frequency points, averaging

Agilent 89441A technical data — general

Averaging

Single-channel vector mode averaging (log magnitude spectrum measurement data, 1601 frequency points, channel 2 off)

Fast average 78.125 kHz Displayed 78.125 kHz,

48 updates/second

Two-channel vector mode averaging (requires second 10 MHz input channel, Option 89441A-AY7) (Log magnitude frequency response measurement data, 801 frequency points)

Fast average 39.0625 kHz Displayed 39.0625 kHz,

48 updates/second

Demodulation

Single-channel analog demodulation mode (log magnitude spectrum measurement data, 1601 frequency points, time cal off, channel 2 off, averaging off)

AM demodulation 39.0625 KHz FM demodulation 19.53125 kHz PM demodulation 9.765625 kHz

Measurement speed

Display update speed (vector mode with full span, one or two channels, 401 frequency points, no averaging, markers off, single trace with calculations off on other traces, log magnitude spectrum, frequency spans of $10^7/2^n$ Hz): 57/second

Averaging (characteristics only)

Number of averages 1 to 99,999 Overlap averaging 0% to 99.99%

Average types

Scalar mode rms (video), rms (video)

exponential, peak hold

Vector mode rms (video), rms (video)

exponential, time, time exponential, peak hold

Fast averaging allows averaging a user-defined number of measurements without updating the displayed result. This provides faster averaging results for most measurements.

Gating (characteristics only)

Time-selective, frequency-domain analysis can be performed on any input or analog demodulated time-domain data. When gating is enabled, markers appear on the time data; gate length and delay can be set directly. Independent gate delays can be set for each input channel. See time specifications for main time length and time resolution details.

Gate length

Maximum: Main time length

Minimum: Approximately window shape ÷ (0.3 x span Hz)) [seconds]; where window shape (ws) and minimum gate length for a 10 MHz zoom time span are (for 10 MHz baseband time spans subtract 39.0625 ns):

Window	ws	Minimum gate length
Flat-top	3.819	1.328125 µs
Gaussian-top	2.215	781.25 ns
Hanning	1.5	546.875 ns
Uniform	1.0	390.625 ns

Agilent 89441A technical data – general

Time-capture (characteristics only)

Direct capture of input waveforms can be accomplished with spans of $10~\text{MHz}/2^n~\text{Hz}$. See time specifications for time-sample resolution details.

Time capture memory: 64 Ksample; 1 Msample (Option 89441A-AY9)

Benchmarks: For a one-channel, zoom time measurement (for baseband time, halve the time), 64 Ksample captures from 5.12 ms in a 10 MHz span to over 11.9 hours in a 1.19 Hz span. The optional 1 Msample captures from 81.92 ms in a 10 MHz span to over 190 hours in a 1.19 Hz span. Memory is shared if two channels are enabled, therefore length of capture is half as long.

Band power marker (characteristics only)

Markers can be placed on any time, frequency, or demodulated trace for direct computation of band power, rms square root (of power), C/N, and C/N $_{
m O}$, within the selected portion of the data.

Peak/average statistics

Peak and peak-to-average statistics can be enabled on main time, gate time, IQ measured time (Option 89441A-AYA), IQ reference time (Option 89441A-AYA), and math functions involving these trace types. Average power and peak statistics are computed using all samples in the active trace. Each successive trace adds additional samples to the calculations.

Displayed results average power

peak power

peak/average ratio number of samples

Peak percent 90% – 99.99%. Setting can

be changed at any time during or after the measurement

Signal characteristics

Peak power range +13 dB relative to average

power of the first time

record

Average power

range

±3 dB relative to average power of the first time

record

Display (characteristic only)

Trace formats One to four traces on one, two,

or four grids or a quad display

Other displays On-line help text, view state

Number of colors User-definable palette

Display points/trace 401

User-definable trace titles and information:

X-axis scaling Allows expanded views

of portions of the trace

information

Display blanking

Data or full display

Graticule on/off

Center ±5 mm referenced to bezel

opening

Dimensions

Height $107 \pm 5 \text{ mm}$ Width $154 \pm 5 \text{ mm}$ Diagonal 187.2 mm (7.4 in)

Status indicators

Overload, half range, external trigger, source on/off, trigger, pause, active trace, remote, talk, listen, SRQ.

External PC-style keyboard interface

Compatible with PC-style 101-key keyboard, male DIN5 to PS2 type mini-DIN6 pin female adapter required for some keyboards.

Agilent 89441A technical data - general

Interfaces (characteristics only)

Active probe power +15 Vdc, -13 Vdc; 150 mA

maximum, compatible with

active probes

Sync out Active low TTL level signal

synchronous with source output of periodic chirps and arbitrary blocks up to 8192

samples.

External reference in/out IF section

External Locks to a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz

reference input $(\pm 10 \text{ ppm})$ with a level

> 0 dBm

External Output the same frequency reference output as the external reference

input at level of > 0 dBm into

a 50 Ω load.

External reference in/out RF section

External Locks to a 1, 2, 5, or 10 MHz

reference input (±10 ppm) with a level > 0 dBm

(use ≥ 5 dBm for optimum phase noise performance).

External Outputs 10 MHz at > 0 dBm

reference output (+6 dBm typical) into a 50 Ω

load.

GPIB

Implementation of IEEE Std 488.1 and 488.2 SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, 1A, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0,

DC1, DT1, Cl, C2, C3, C12, E2

Benchmark characteristics (typical transfer rate

of 401 frequency-point traces)

Scalar 25 traces/second Vector 20 traces/second

RS-232 Serial port (9-pin) for

connection to printer

Centronics Parallel port for connection

to a printer

External monitor output

Format Analog plug-compatible with

30.15 kHz multi-sync monitors

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Impedance} & 75~\Omega \\ \text{Level} & 0~\text{to}~0.7~\text{V} \\ \text{Display rate} & 57.43~\text{Hz} \\ \text{Horizontal} & 30.15~\text{kHz} \\ \end{array}$

refresh rate

Horizontal lines 400

LAN I/O

LAN support: Ethernet (IEEE 802.3) TCP/IP

IAN interface: ThinLAN (BNC connector) or AUI Program interface: Send and receive GPIB programming codes, status bytes, and measurement results in ASCII and/or binary format.

GPIB I/O

Secondary GPIB port: Per IEEE Std 488.1 and 488.2 Functions: Controller-only; accessible from IBASIC program or front panel commands.

Peripherals

Plot/print

Direct plotting and black-and-white printing to parallel (Centronics), serial (RS-232), and GPIB graphics printers and plotters. Printers supported include the HP LaserJet, HP PaintJet, HP ThinkJet, HP DeskJet, and HP QuietJet. Single-plot spooling allows instrument operation while printing or plotting a single display.

Agilent 89441A technical data – general

Memory and data storage

Disk devices

Nonvolatile RAM disk 100 Kbyte

Volatile RAM disk 21 Mbyte that can be

partitioned between measurement, Instrument BASIC program space and RAM. Volatile RAM also supports memory of waterfalls and spectrograms with Option 89441A-AYB.

Internal 90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte

flexible disk (LIF or MS-DOS® formats)

External disk GPIB interface

Disk format and file delete, rename and copy

Nonvolatile clock with time/date

Save/recall can be used to store trace data, instrument states, trace math functions, Instrument BASIC programs, and time-capture buffers.

Benchmarks (typical disk space requirements for different file types)

Trace data (401 points) 6.2 Kbyte Instrument state 12.3 Kbyte Trace math 2 Kbyte Time-capture buffers 271 Kbyte

(32 Ksamples)

Trace math

Operands measurement data, data register,

constant, other trace math functions, jw

Operations +, -, *, /, cross correlation, conjugate,

magnitude, phase, real, imaginary, square root, FFT, inverse FFF, natural

logarithm, exponential

Trace math can be used to manipulate data on each measurement. Uses include user-units correction and normalization.

Marker functions

Peak signal track, frequency counter, band power, peak/average statistics.

Standard data format utilities

Included on three 90 mm (3.5-inch) 1.44 Mbyte flexible disks. The utilities run in MS-DOS® 2.1 or greater on an IBM PC (AT or higher) or compatible. The utilities include conversions to standard data format (SDF), PC displays of data and instrument state information, and utilities for conversion to PC-MATLAB, MATRIX $_{\rm x}$, data set 58, and ACSII formats.

Agilent 89441A technical data — options

Vector modulation analysis — **Option 89441A-AYA**

Supported modulation formats

The vector modulation analysis option supports both single modulated carriers and separate baseband I-Q signals. The optional second 10 MHz input channel is required for baseband I and Q analysis.

Carrier types Continuous and pulsed/burst

(such as TDMA)

Modulation formats 2 level FSK (including GFSK)

4 level FSK

MSK (including GMSK) QAM implementations of: BPSK QPSK OQPSK, DQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK 8PSK, 16QAM,

32QAM

Default parameter

NADC, PDC (JDC), GSM, PHS,

DECT, CDPD, TETRA,

CDMA Base, CDMA Mobile

Filtering

settings

All filters are computed to 20 symbols in length.

Filter types Raised cosine

Square-root raised cosine

IS-95 compatible

Gaussian None Rectangular Low pass

User-selectable Alpha/BT continuously filter parameters adjustable from 0.05 to 100

User-defined filters User-defined impulse

response, fixed 20 points/symbol Maximum 20 symbols in length or 401 points

Frequency and symbol rate

Receiver mode Information bandwidth

chl + j*ch2 $< 20 \text{ MHz}^1$ 0 - 10 MHz≤ 10 MHz 2 - 2650 MHz≤ 7 MHz 2 - 2650 MHz - wide $\leq 8 \text{ MHz}$

(Option 89441A-AYH only)

Symbol rate

Symbol Rate is limited only by the information bandwidth

 $Symbol\ rate = (Bits/Second) / (Bits/Second)$

Where bits/symbol is determined by the

modulation type.

Example: For the raised-cosine filter:

 $Max\ symbol\ rate \leq (Information\ bandwidth\ /\ (1+a))$

Measurement results (formats other than FSK)

Display update rate

Conditions: NADC preset, 50 kHz span, result length 150 symbols, 1 point/symbol. IQ envelope triggering and data synchronization off.

Update rate > 2 per second

(characteristic only)

I-Q measured Time, spectrum

(Filtered, carrier

locked, symbol locked)

I-Q reference Time, spectrum

(Ideal, computed

from detected symbols)

I-Q error vs. time Magnitude, phase

(I-Q measured vs. reference)

Error vector Time, spectrum

(Vector error of computed

vs. reference)

Error vector magnitude is Symbol table + error summary

computed at symbol times

only

Measurement results (FSK)

FSK measured Time, spectrum FSK reference Time, spectrum Carrier error Magnitude FSK error Time, spectrum

Display formats

The following trace formats are available for measured data and computed ideal reference data, with complete marker and scaling capabilities and automatic grid line adjustment to ideal symbol or constellation states.

Polar diagrams

Constellation: Samples displayed only at

symbol times

Vector: Display of trajectory between symbol

times with 1 to 20 points/symbol

^{1.} Two-channel measurements such as chl + j*ch2 require Option 89441A-AY7 second 10 MHz input channel.

Agilent 89441A technical data - options

I or Q vs time

Eye diagrams: Adjustable from 0.1 to 10 symbols Trellis diagrams: Adjustable from 0.1 to 10 symbols

Continuous error vector magnitude vs. time

Continuous I or Q vs. time

Error summary (formats other than FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

Error vector magnitude

Magnitude error

Phase error

Frequency error (carrier offset frequency)

I-Q offset

Amplitude droop (formats other than QAM)

SNR (QAM formats)

Error summary (FSK)

Measured rms and peak values of the following:

FSK error

Magnitude error

Carrier offset frequency

Deviation

Detected bits (symbol table)

Binary bits are displayed and grouped by symbols. Multiple pages can be scrolled for viewing large data blocks. Symbol marker (current symbol shown as inverse video) is coupled to measurement trace displays to identify states with corresponding bits. For formats other than FSK and MSK, bits are user-definable for absolute states or differential transitions. Note: Synchronization words are required to resolve carrier phase ambiguity on non-differential modulation formats.

Accuracy (formats other than FSK and IS-95 CDMA)

Conditions: Specifications apply from 20° to 30°C, for a full-scale signal fully contained in the selected measurement span, random data sequence, instrument receiver mode of IF 0–10 MHz or RF 2–2650 MHz, range \geq –25 dBm, start frequency \geq 15% of span, alpha/BT \geq 0.3¹, and symbol rate \geq 1 kHz. For symbol rates less than 1 kHz, accuracy may be limited by phase noise.

Residual errors (result length = 150 symbols, averages = 10)

Error vector magnitude

Freq span < 100 kHz 0.3% rms Freq span $\leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ 0.5% rms Freq span > 1 MHz 1.0% rms

Magnitude error

Freq span \leq 100 kHz 0.3% rms Freq span \leq 1 MHz 0.5% rms Freq span > 1 MHz 1.0% rms

Phase error (for modulation formats with equal symbol amplitudes)

Freq span $\leq 100 \text{ kHz}$ 0.17° rms Freq span $\leq 1 \text{ MHz}$ 0.34° rms Freq span > 1 MHz 0.57° rms

Frequency error Symbol rate/500,000 (Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

Origin/I-Q Offset -60 dB

Accuracy (2 FSK and 4 FSK)

Residual errors, typical:

4 FSK or 2 FSK, symbol rate = 3.2 kHz, deviation = 4.8 kHz, instrument receiver mode of IF 0–10 MHz or RF 2–2650 MHz, 50 kHz span, full-scale signal, range \geq –25 dBm, result length = 150, averages = 10, tenth-order Bessel filtering with 3 dB bandwidth = 3.9 kHz.²

FSK error 0.5% rms Magnitude error 0.3% rms

Deviation ±0.3% rms (14 Hz) Carrier frequency offset ±0.3% of deviation

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

DECT preset (2 FSK symbol rate = 1.152 MHz, BT = 0.5) 288 kHz deviation, instrument receiver mode of IF 0–10 MHz or RF 2–2650 MHz, 4 MHz span, full-scale signal, result length = 150, averages = 10.

FSK error 1.5% rms Magnitude error 1.0% rms

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Deviation} & \pm 1.0\% \, \text{rms} \, (2.88 \, \text{kHz}) \\ \text{Carrier frequency offset} & \pm 0.5\% \, \text{of deviation} \end{array}$

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

^{1.} $0.3 \le alpha \le 0.7$ for Offset QPSK

Note: For error analysis, a Gaussian reference filter with BT = 1.22 is used to approximate the tenth-order Bessel filter.

Agilent 89441A technical data — options

Accuracy (IS-95 CDMA)

CDMA Base or CDMA Mobile preset, instrument mode of IF (0 - 10 MHz) or RF (2 - 2650 MHz), 2.6 MHz span, full scale signal, result length = 200, averages = 10.

Residual Errors

Error vector magnitude 1% rms Magnitude error 1% rms Phase error 0.57° rms Frequency error 10 Hz

(Added to frequency accuracy if applicable)

Origin I/Q offset -60 dB

Signal acquisition

Note: Signal acquisition does not require an external carrier or symbol clock

Data block length

Adjustable up to 4096 samples

Examples:

4096 symbols at 1 point/symbol 409 samples at 10 points/symbol

Symbol clock Internally generated

Carrier lock Internally locked

Triggering

Single/continuous

External

Internal source

Pulse search (searches data block for beginning of TDMA burst, and performs analysis over selected burst length)

Data synchronization

User-selected synchronization words Arbitrary bit patterns up to 30 symbols long, at any position in a continuous or TDMA burst and measurement result. Up to 6 words can be defined.

Arbitrary waveform source

RAM-based arbitrary waveforms

Waveform registers Maximum 6

Waveform length 4096 complex points each

(16,384 with Option 89441A-AYB)

Residual accuracy, typical

Examples

 $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 24.3 EVM $\leq 0.7\%$ rms

ksymbols/second,

a = 0.35

GMSK, 270.833 EVM $\leq 1.0\%$ rms

ksymbols/second,

BT = 0.30

Adaptive equalization

This option equalizes the digitally modulated signal to remove effects of linear distortion (such as unflatness and group delay) in a modulation quality measurement.

Equalizer performance is a function of the filter design (e.g., length, convergence, taps/symbol) and the quality of the signal being equalized.

Equalizer

Decision-directed, LMS, feed-forward equalization with adjustable convergence rate.

Filter length 3–99 symbols, adjustable

Filter taps 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, or 20 taps/symbol

Measurement results

Equalizer impulse response Channel frequency response

Supported modulation formats

MSK, BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, DQPSK, $\pi/4\mathrm{DQPSK},$ 8 PSK, 16 QAM, 32 QAM, 64 QAM, 256 QAM, 8 VSB, 16 VSB

Digital video modulation analysis—Option 89441A-AYH

(requires Option 89441A-AYA)

This option extends the capabilities of the vector modulation analysis Option 89441A-AYA by adding modulation formats used for digital video transmission. Except where noted, all of the standard capabilities of Option 89441A-AYA are provided for the new modulation formats.

Supported modulation formats

Additional modulation 8 and 16VSB

formats 16, 32, 64 and 256QAM

16, 32, and 64QAM (differentially encoded per DVB standard)

Agilent 89441A technical data — options

Frequency span

The (2–2650 MHz)-wide receiver mode increases the maximum allowable vector frequency span to 8 MHz. Specifications for this mode are in the RF specification section.

Maximum symbol rate

Option 89441A-AYH analyzes vector modulated signals up to a maximum symbol rate determined by the information bandwidth of the receiver mode and the excess bandwidth factor (a) of the input signal, according to:

 $Max\ symbol\ rate \leq Information\ bandwidth\ /\ (1+a)$

(Note: the maximum symbol rate is doubled for VSB signals.)

Receiver mode	Information bandwidth
chl + j*ch2	$\leq 20 \text{ MHz}^1$
0 – 10 MHz	≤ 10 MHz
2 – 2650 MHz normal	≤ 7 MHz
2 - 2650 MHz wide	≤8 MHz
External	$\leq 10 \text{ MHz}^1$

Example: For a 64QAM signal (a = 0.15), the maximum symbol rate for the (2–2650 MHz)-wide receiver is 8 MHz/(1.15) = 6.96 Msymbols/second.

Measurement results and display formats

Identical to Option 89441A-AYA measurement results and display formats except for the following changes to the error summary display:

VSB pilot level is shown, in dB relative to nominal. For VSB formats, SNR is calculated from the real part of the error vector only. For DVB formats, EVM is calculated without

removing IQ offset.

Accuracy

Residual errors (typical) 8VSB or 16VSB, symbol rate = 10.762 MHz, a = 0.115, instrument receiver mode of IF 0–10 MHz or RF 2–2650 MHz, 7 MHz span, full-scale signal, range \geq –25 dBm, result length = 800, averages = 10. Residual EVM \leq 1.5% (SNR \geq 36 dB)

16, 32, 64 or 256 QAM, symbol rate = 6.9 MHz, χ = 0.15, instrument receiver mode of IF 0–10 MHz or RF 2–2650 MHz-wide, 8 MHz span, full-scale signal, range \geq –25 dBrn, result length = 800, averages = 10.

Residual EVM $\leq 1.0\%$ (SNR ≥ 40 dB)

Filtering

All Option 89441A-AYA filter types are supported except user-defined filters for VSB analysis. Filters are calculated to 40 symbols in length.

Triggering and synchronization

All Option 89441A-AYA signal acquisition features are supported except pulse and sync word search for VSB analysis.

Waterfall and spectrogram — Option 89441A-AYB

Waterfall

Types Vertical and skewed,

Azimuth adjustable 0 to ±45 Normal and hidden line With or without baseline.

Adjustable Trace height parameters Buffer depth

Elevation Threshold

Spectrogram

Types Color, normal, and reversed

monochrome, normal, and

reversed

User color maps (2 total)

Adjustable Number of colors parameters Enhancement

(color-amplitude weighting)

Threshold

Trace select

When a waterfall or spectrogram measurement is paused or completed, any trace in the trace buffer can be selected by trace number or by z-axis value. The marker values and marker functions apply to the selected trace.

Z-axis value

The z-axis value is the time the trace data was acquired relative to the start of the measure ment. The z-axis value of the selected trace is displayed as part of the marker readout.

Display update rate: 30 to 60/second, typical Memory required (characteristic only)

Displays occupy memory at the rate of 175 traces/Mbyte (for traces of 401 frequency points). A full screen of 307 traces will require 2.25 Mbytes of free memory.

Advanced LAN support — Option 89441A-UG7 Remote X11 display (characteristic only)

Update rate: > 20 per second, depending on workstation performance and LAN activity.

X11 R4 compatible

X-terminals, UNIX workstations, PC with X-server

Display: 640 x 480 pixel minimum resolution required; 1024 x 768 recommended.

FTP data (characteristic only)

Traces A, B, C, D Data registers D1-D6 Time capture buffer Disk files (RAM, NVRAM, floppy disk) Analyzer display plot/print



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