

Version  
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## Vector Signal Generator R&S® SMV03

### Vector modulation in the analog class

- ◆ Frequency range 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz
- ◆ I/Q modulator (100 MHz RF bandwidth) with excellent vector accuracy (f > 500 MHz to 3 GHz)
- ◆ SSB phase noise  $-128$  dBc (1 Hz)
- ◆ Setting times < 10 ms
- ◆ High level accuracy < 0.5 dB
- ◆ High reliability through electronic attenuator
- ◆ Digital frequency and level sweep
- ◆ AM/FM/ $\phi$ M
- ◆ Optional pulse modulator with integrated pulse generator
- ◆ Optional stereo coder with analog and digital audio inputs
- ◆ Three-year calibration cycle

# The allrounder

The Vector Signal Generator R&S®SMV03 is based on the successful analog Signal Generator R&S®SML03 and features the same excellent technical characteristics. It comprises an additional broadband I/Q modulator that is able to generate any digital signal in conjunction with an external I/Q source. The R&S®SMV03 is, therefore, a way of entering the wide field of automatic test systems as well as gaining access to applications such as R&D and service. When used together with the R&S®AMIQ and R&S®WinIQSIM™, the R&S®SMV03 can generate digital signals that meet any requirement.

## RF characteristics

- ◆ Frequency range from 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz with 0.1 Hz resolution
- ◆ High output level of +13 dBm with a deviation <0.5 dB
- ◆ Interruption-free level setting by means of electronic attenuator
- ◆ High spectral purity <-122 dBc (1 Hz) at f = 1 GHz and 20 kHz carrier offset
- ◆ Frequency and level setting time <10 ms

## Vector modulation

- ◆ Wide I/Q bandwidth of >50 MHz (3 dB), 100 MHz RF bandwidth for f > 500 MHz to 3 GHz
- ◆ High vector accuracy

## Analog modulation

- ◆ AM/FM/φM as standard
- ◆ Simultaneous AM, FM/φM, pulse and vector modulation
- ◆ Optional pulse modulator with integrated Pulse Generator R&S®SML-B3 and retrofittable Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

## Dimensions

- ◆ Compact size  
427 mm × 88 mm × 450 mm
- ◆ Low weight <9.5 kg

## Low cost of ownership

- ◆ Three-year calibration cycle
- ◆ Electronic attenuator for wear-free operation
- ◆ Service-friendly (continuous selftest, access to internal test points)



# Applications

## Production: fast, accurate, reliable

### Versatility

The R&S®SMV03 generates all kinds of I/Q-modulated signals using the integrated vector modulator. Owing to its wide I/Q bandwidth of 50 MHz, the R&S®SMV03 is also optimally suited for applications using high data rates such as WLAN standards. Signals to digital standards can be easily generated in conjunction with an external I/Q source like the Modulation Generator R&S®AMIQ (PD 0757.3970) and the associated R&S®WinIQSIM™ simulation software (PD 0758.0680).

The R&S®SMV03 therefore optimally meets production environment requirements.

### Dimensions

The compact size (only 2 HU) makes the R&S®SMV03 ideal for use in production where space is often limited.

### Speed

Speed is essential – especially in production. And this is exactly where the R&S®SMV03 shows what it can do with a frequency and level setting time of <10 ms.

### Accuracy

Any measurement uncertainty has two components: the uncertainty due to the measuring instrument and that due to the rest of the test setup. The lower the level uncertainty of the vector signal generator, the greater the test setup tolerance that may be allowed. If greater tolerances can be allowed for the DUT because of the small level error of the R&S®SMV03, production rejects can be markedly reduced – an advantage that pays off immediately.

### Reliability

A signal generator used in production must feature high reliability. The R&S®SMV03 meets this requirement, for example, through the use of a completely wear-free electronic attenuator.

### Output level

In production test systems, the signal is routed to the DUT via switches and cables which introduce losses. This can be compensated for by the high output power of the R&S®SMV03.

### Example: component test

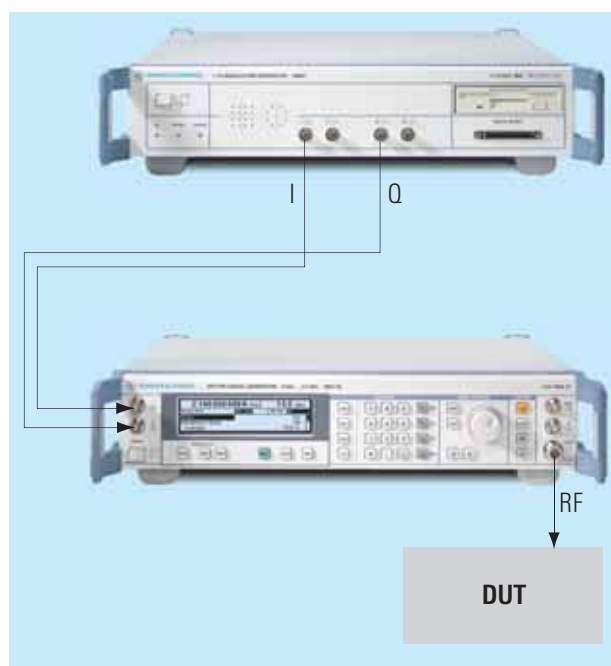
Tests using digital signals are becoming increasingly important for checking the functions of individual components – especially at the component production stage. In this environment, the R&S®SMV03's I/Q modulator shows what it can do. Owing to its wide signal bandwidth of 50 MHz, it can generate a

great variety of digital signals when an external I/Q source is used.

To obtain reliable information on component quality, high level accuracy and high output level repeatability are essential. The R&S®SMV03 fully meets these requirements owing to a maximum level uncertainty of <0.5 dB (at levels >–120 dBm) and high reproducibility.

Extremely short frequency and level setting times (<10 ms) allow fast measurements and make the R&S®SMV03 the ideal generator for production testing.

Overshoots that occur when the level is changed may damage or even destroy the DUT. This cannot happen with the R&S®SMV03 as no overshoots are produced.



## Lab and R&D: versatile

### Versatile modulation modes

Particularly in research, a great variety of digital signals are used in the development of new systems, which are not always covered by a standard. Owing to its very wideband I/Q modulator, the R&S®SMV03 can handle universal tasks of this kind.

In conjunction with the optional Pulse Modulator R&S®SML-B3, the vector signal generator can also handle all types of analog modulation. AM, FM/φM and pulse modulation can be used simultaneously as can vector modulation, FM/φM and pulse modulation.

### High spectral purity

Owing to its low phase noise, the R&S®SMV03 is ideally suited to replace LOs.



*Module test with the R&S®SMV03, R&S®AMIQ and Spectrum Analyzer R&S®FSP*

### High and accurate output level

The high level accuracy of the Vector Signal Generator R&S®SMV03 is a prerequisite for highly accurate measure-

ments on sensitive analog and digital receivers. Its high output level makes the R&S®SMV03 an ideal source for driving high-level mixers.

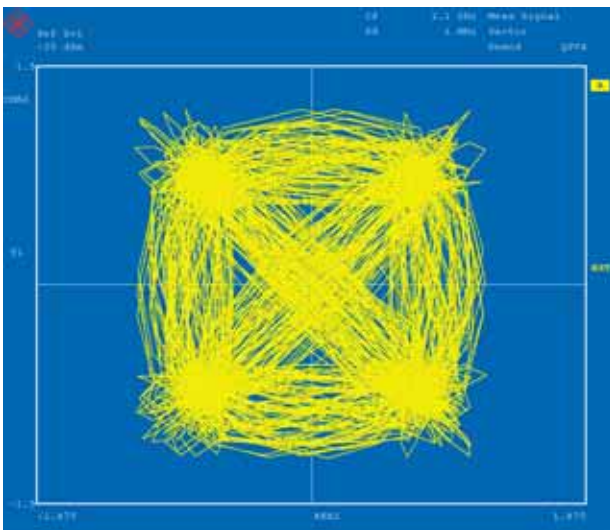
### Excellent modulation characteristics

As the R&S®SMV03 provides high-linearity FM, it can be used as a precise VCO.

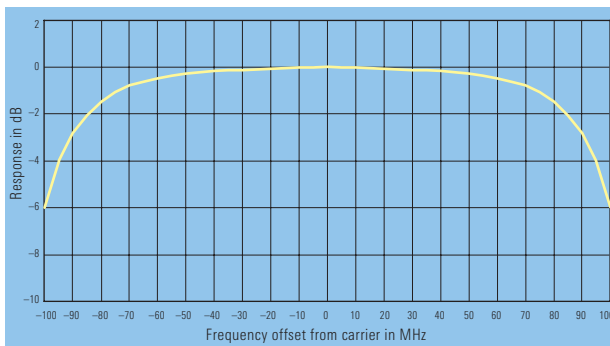
### Example: receiver measurements

Sensitivity measurements require a signal generator with high level accuracy. High accuracy is even more critical at low output levels. Owing to its sophisticated calibration methods, the R&S®SMV03 features high level accuracy (uncertainty <0.5 dB at levels >-120 dBm).

Minimal spurious, minimal broadband noise and, above all, excellent SSB phase noise are prerequisites for using the R&S®SMV03 as an interference source. With an SSB phase noise of typ. -128 dBc/Hz (at  $f = 1$  GHz,  $\Delta f = 20$  kHz), spurious suppression of typ. -76 dBc and broadband noise of typ. -150 dBc (1 Hz), the R&S®SMV03 meets even the most exacting requirements.



*Vector diagram of QPSK signals*



*Frequency response of I/Q modulator (carrier frequency 1 GHz)*

The mechanical design of the R&S®SMV03 ensures excellent RF shielding of its casing. This is particularly important for measurements on highly sensitive receivers with built-in antenna.

## EMS measurements

### Interruption-free level setting without overshoots

EMS measurements require interruption-free level setting which should also be overshoot-free. The R&S®SMV03 does not produce any overshoots – even at setting times <10 ms. Furthermore, it has a wide dynamic range of typ. 30 dB across which level adjustment is interruption-free.

### Wide frequency range

The R&S®SMV03 features a lower frequency limit of 9 kHz as standard and thus fully covers the frequency range required for EMC measurements.

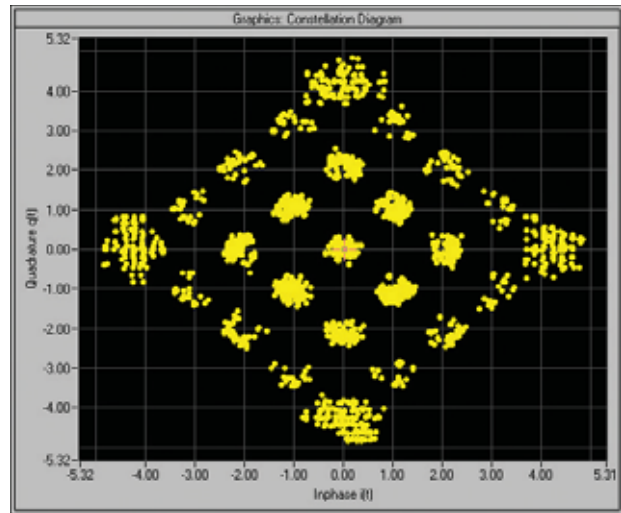
## Reference source

The R&S®SMV03 allows selection of the mode of frequency generation. In the extended divider range mode, the RF signal is generated by frequency division. The excellent values obtained in this mode for SSB phase noise are comparable to those from the high-grade crystal oscillators normally used as reference sources from 10 MHz to 30 MHz.

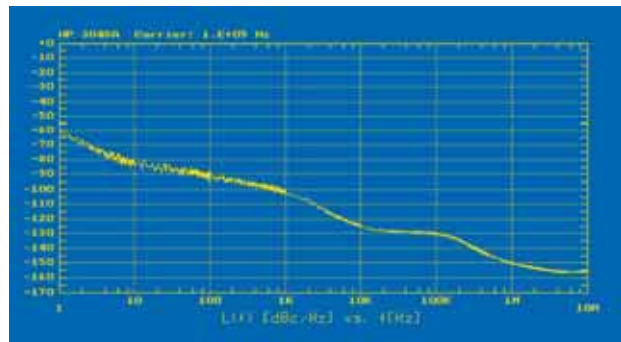
Compared to crystal oscillators, the R&S®SMV03 has the following benefits:

- ◆ The frequency can be set in 0.1 Hz steps and synchronized to an external reference
- ◆ All functions can be remotely controlled via the IEC/IEEE bus or serial interface

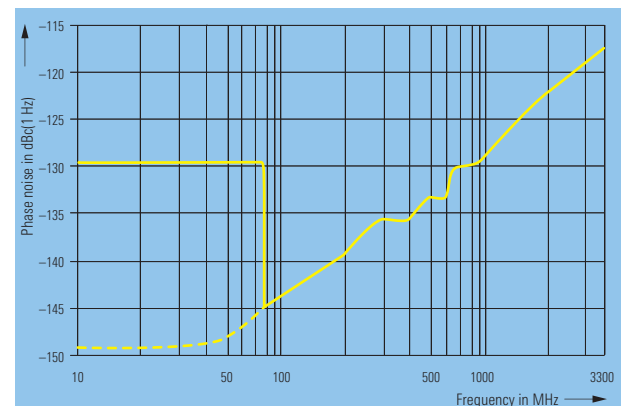
*Constellation diagram of WCDMA signal in 3GPP TDD mode*



*Typical SSB phase noise at 1 GHz (with OCXO option R&S®SML-B1)*



*Typical SSB phase noise versus carrier frequency (carrier offset 20 kHz); dashed line: extended divider range mode*



*SSB phase noise at 9.5 MHz output frequency, extended divider range activated, 1 Hz measurement bandwidth*

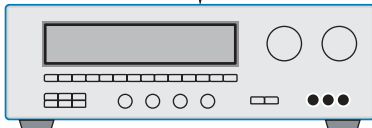
| Offset from carrier | SSB phase noise, typical values |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 Hz                | -95 dB                          |
| 10 Hz               | -120 dB                         |
| 100 Hz              | -130 dB                         |
| 1 kHz               | -138 dB                         |
| 10 kHz              | -148 dB                         |



Signal Generator R&S®SML+Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5



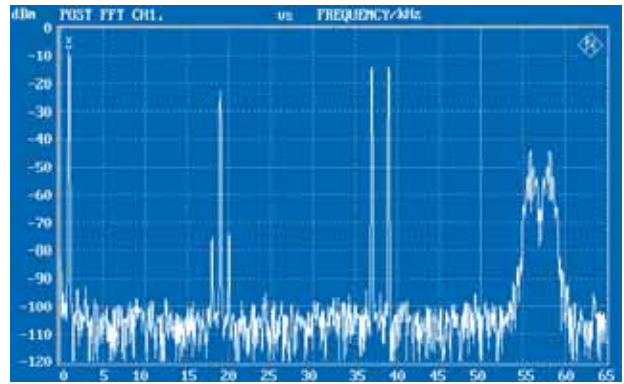
RF-modulated test signal including ARI and RDS



FM stereo tuner

**Audio signals produced by the built-in LF generator of the R&S®SML**

**Signal output by the stereo/RDS coder prior to FM modulation with ARI and RDS information**



## Generation of stereo and RDS signals

FM stereo broadcasting is still the major audio medium – especially in the automobile sector, where millions of car radios are produced every year. With its integration into mobile radio telephones, FM broadcasting becomes even more significant. For testing FM stereo receivers, audio test signals are modulated onto an RF carrier and measured after demodulation by the DUT. For the car radio sector, automotive radio information (ARI) has to be generated in addition. Test signals are also needed for the radio data system (RDS), which has been established in many countries for a long time.

### Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

The optional Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5 meets all the above requirements. Built into instruments of the Signal Generator Family R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV, the solution is based on equipment featuring an excellent price/performance ratio as well as top-class specifications and providing full coverage of the frequency range in question.

### Audio signals produced by internal LF generator

The internal LF generator, which is suitable for simple receiver tests, is part of the basic configuration of the R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV. It generates sinusoidal signals at fixed frequencies, thus allowing basic functional tests to be carried out without an external signal.

### Combination with the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL

The stereo/RDS coder can also work with external signals applied to its analog and digital modulation inputs. Combining the Signal Generator R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV and the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL (data sheet PD 0757.2238) creates a general-purpose test system for FM tuners.

The great advantage is the automatic synchronization of measurement results. Just as in other two-port audio measurements, the test signals are produced in the generator section of the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL, routed through the modulator and the DUT, and measured in the analyzer section of the R&S®UPL. Since generation and analysis are optimally timed, measurement times are considerably shorter than with separate instruments.

Signal Generator R&S®SML+Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5

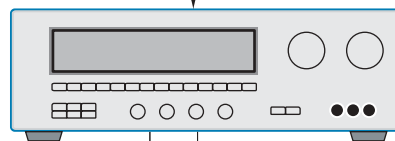


Analog or digital audio signals



Signal generation and analysis with the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL

RF-modulated test signal including ARI and RDS



FM stereo tuner

Analog audio signals

**Audio signals are generated and measured in the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL; automatic synchronization substantially reduces the measurement time**

### Use in production

Combining the Signal Generator R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV and the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL enables measurements to be automated. The Universal Sequence Control R&S®UPL-B10 allows complete test programs to be generated and run on the R&S®UPL, in which case the Signal Generator R&S®SML/ R&S®SMV with the R&S®SML-B5 option is remote-controlled via the IEC/IEEE bus or RS-232-C interface. In most production environments, the complete test set can be run under an external controller.

All functions of the Stereo/RDS Coder R&S®SML-B5 can of course be remote-controlled.

Use of the Audio Switcher R&S®UPZ is recommended for measurements on car radios or surround receivers with more than two audio outputs, as shown in the figure on the right. For more information about the Audio Switcher R&S®UPZ, see data sheet PD 0758.1170.

**Interruption-free pilot tone**

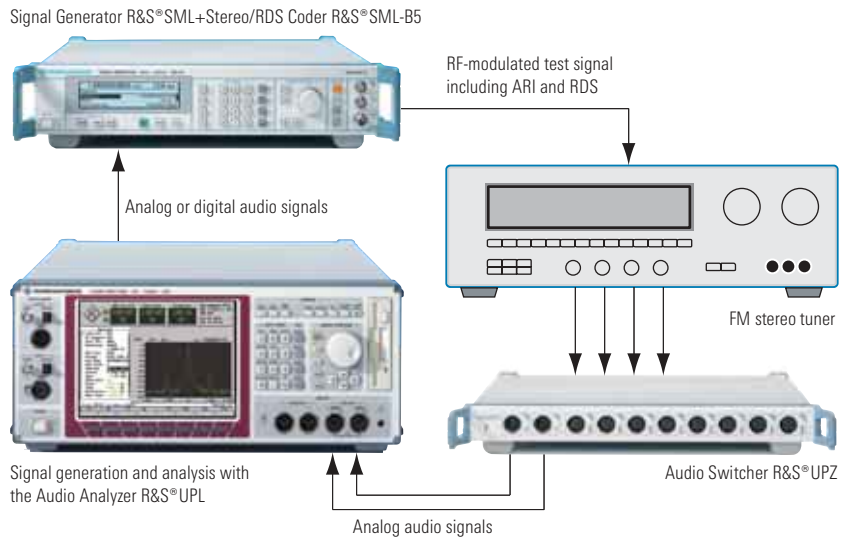
The R&S®SML-B5 option was designed especially for use in test systems. With other signal generators, the stereo pilot tone is briefly interrupted if the output data has to be recalculated (e.g. when the audio frequency changes). The connected tuner loses synchronization and has to switch to the stereo mode again with each frequency change, so overall measurement time may increase dramatically. This disadvantage does not occur with the R&S®SML-B5 since the audio signal is modulated onto the RF carrier independently of pilot tone generation, and consequently the pilot tone is not switched off.

**Analog and digital audio inputs**

The R&S®SML-B5 has separate analog inputs for left and right. In combination with the Audio Analyzer R&S®UPL, measurements are possible in the operating modes L, R, R = L, and R = -L. A digital audio input in S/P DIF format is available alternatively. The R&S®UPL can additionally generate different signals for left and right in this format. It is possible to set one channel to a fixed frequency while sweeping the second channel through a frequency band, for example.

**Generation of ARI and RDS signals**

The R&S®SML-B5 outputs stereo multiplex as well as ARI and RDS signals. It is possible to choose between traffic announcement identification and standardized area identification A to F. The RDS traffic program or RDS traffic

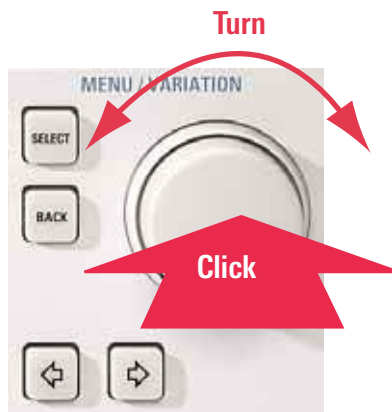


**The Audio Switcher R&S®UPZ for automated measurements on more than two audio outputs**

announcement can be switched on and off. Up to five different RDS sequences can be loaded. With a length of up to 64000 characters per sequence, future RDS applications (e.g. radio text) can also be tested.

**EasyWheel**

- ◆ One-hand operation with EasyWheel
- ◆ All settings simple and self-explanatory
- ◆ High-contrast LCD
- ◆ User-assignable menu keys
- ◆ Online help including IEC/IEEE bus commands



**Simply select the desired menu with the rotary knob and click the button to open the submenu**

**Serviceing: robust, compact, lightweight**

**Mobility**

The R&S®SMV03 is lightweight (<9.5 kg) and compact and therefore very easy to transport.

**Flexible control**

In service environments, an IEC/IEEE bus interface is not always available to control the generator. This is not a problem as the R&S®SMV03 can also be controlled via a standard RS-232-C interface.

**Protection against overvoltage**

The integrated overvoltage protection of the RF output protects the R&S®SMV03 against very high external voltages such as may occur during transceiver measurements.

## Specifications

Specifications are valid under the following conditions:  
30 minutes warm-up time at ambient temperature, specified environmental conditions met, calibration cycle adhered to, and total calibration performed.  
Data designated "nominal" is design parameters and is not tested.  
Data designated "overrange" is not warranted.

### Frequency

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| R&S®SMV03  |                  |
| I/Q modulation off   | 9 kHz to 3.3 GHz |
| I/Q modulation on  | 5 MHz to 3.3 GHz |
| Resolution   | 0.1 Hz           |
| Setting time (for an offset of $<1 \times 10^{-7}$ or $<90$ Hz for $f \leq 76$ MHz) after IEC/IEEE bus delimiter |                  |
| I/Q modulation off   | $<10$ ms         |
| I/Q modulation on  | $<12$ ms         |

### Reference frequency

|                                    | Standard                          | Option R&S®SML-B1                                      |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Aging (after 30 days of operation) | $<1 \times 10^{-6}$ /year         | $<1 \times 10^{-7}$ /year<br>$<5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day |
| Temperature effect (0°C to 55°C)   | $<1 \times 10^{-6}$               | $<2 \times 10^{-8}$                                    |
| Output for internal reference      |                                   |  |
| Frequency                          | 10 MHz                            |  |
| Output voltage, V rms, sinewave    | $>0.5$ V into $50 \Omega$         |  |
| Source impedance                   | $50 \Omega$                       |  |
| Input for external reference       |                                   |  |
| Frequency                          | 10 MHz                            |  |
| Permissible frequency drift        | $5 \times 10^{-6}$                |  |
| Input voltage, V rms, sinewave     | $0.5$ V to $2$ V into $50 \Omega$ |  |
| Input impedance                    | $50 \Omega$                       |  |

### Spectral purity

|   |                                    |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Spurious signals  |                                    |
| Harmonics <sup>1)</sup> (for $f > 100$ kHz)   | $<-30$ dBc at levels $\leq +8$ dBm |
| Subharmonics  |                                    |
| $f \leq 1.1$ GHz  | –                                  |
| $f > 1.1$ GHz   | $<-50$ dBc                         |
| Nonharmonics (carrier offset $>10$ kHz)   |                                    |
| $f \leq 1.1$ GHz  | $<-70$ dBc                         |
| $f > 1.1$ GHz to $2.2$ GHz  | $<-64$ dBc                         |
| $f > 2.2$ GHz to $3.3$ GHz  | $<-58$ dBc                         |
| Broadband noise <sup>2(3)</sup> ( $f = 1$ GHz, carrier offset $>2$ MHz, $1$ Hz bandwidth) |                                    |
|   | $<-135$ dBc, typ. $-140$ dBc       |
| SSB phase noise ( $f = 1$ GHz, $20$ kHz carrier offset, $1$ Hz bandwidth)                 |                                    |
|   | $<-122$ dBc, typ. $-128$ dBc       |
| Spurious FM, rms ( $f = 1$ GHz)   |                                    |
| $0.3$ kHz to $3$ kHz  | $<4$ Hz, typ. $1$ Hz               |
| $0.03$ kHz to $20$ kHz  | $<10$ Hz, typ. $3$ Hz              |
| Spurious AM, rms  |                                    |
| $0.03$ kHz to $20$ kHz  | $<0.02\%$                          |

### Level

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Range   | $-140$ dBm to $+13$ dBm <sup>2(4)</sup><br>(overrange $+19$ dBm) |
| Resolution  | $0.1$ dB   |
| Level accuracy <sup>2(3)</sup><br>(level $>-120$ dBm) |  |
| $100$ kHz to $\leq 2$ GHz                             | $<0.5$ dB  |
| $f > 2$ GHz   | $<0.9$ dB  |

|  |                            |
|--|----------------------------|
| Frequency response at $0$ dBm <sup>2(3)</sup>                        |                            |
| $100$ kHz to $\leq 2$ GHz  | $<0.7$ dB                  |
| $f > 2$ GHz  | $<1.0$ dB                  |
| Characteristic impedance   | $50 \Omega$                |
| SWR  |                            |
| $100$ kHz to $1.5$ GHz   | typ. $1.6$                 |
| $f > 1.5$ GHz  | typ. $2.3$                 |
| Setting time (IEC/IEEE bus), $f > 100$ kHz                           | $<10$ ms, typ. $5$ ms      |
| Interruption-free level setting <sup>5)</sup><br>(for $f > 100$ kHz) |                            |
| I/Q modulation off   | $20$ dB, overrange $30$ dB |
| I/Q modulation on  | $15$ dB, overrange $20$ dB |

### Overvoltage protection

safeguards instrument against externally applied RF power and DC voltage ( $50 \Omega$  source)

|                             |        |
|-----------------------------|--------|
| Max. permissible RF power   |        |
| $f \leq 2.2$ GHz            | $50$ W |
| $f > 2.2$ GHz               | $25$ W |
| Max. permissible DC voltage | $35$ V |

### Modulation

#### Internal modulation generator

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Frequency range   |  |
| Resolution  | $0.01$ Hz to $1$ MHz                                 |
| Resolution  | $0.01$ Hz  |
| Frequency accuracy  | as for reference frequency + $2.4 \times 10^{-3}$ Hz |
| Frequency response (up to $500$ kHz, level $>100$ mV)                   |  |
|   | $<0.5$ dB  |
| THD (up to $100$ kHz, level $4$ V, $R_L = 600 \Omega$ )                 |  |
|   | $<0.1\%$   |
| Open-circuit voltage $V_p$ (LF connector)                               |  |
| Resolution  | $1$ mV to $4$ V                                      |
| Setting accuracy (at $1$ kHz)   | $1\%$ of $V_p + 1$ mV                                |
| Output impedance  | approx. $10 \Omega$                                  |
| Frequency setting time (after reception of last IEC/IEEE bus character) |  |
|   | $<10$ ms   |

### Simultaneous modulation

AM, FM/ϕM and pulse modulation or vector modulation, FM/ϕM and pulse modulation

### Amplitude modulation<sup>6)</sup>

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Operating modes  | internal, external AC/DC, internal/external two-tone   |
| Modulation depth   | $0\%$ to $100\%$<br>settable modulation depth continuously decreasing between $+7$ dBm and $+13$ dBm <sup>7)</sup> while adhering to AM specifications; a status message is output when the modulation depth is too high |
| Resolution   | $0.1\%$  |
| Setting accuracy at $1$ kHz ( $m < 80\%$ ) <sup>8)</sup> | $<4\%$ of reading $+1\%$   |
| AM distortion at $1$ kHz                                 |  |
| $m = 30\%$   | $<1\%$   |
| $m = 80\%$   | $<2\%$   |
| Modulation frequency range ( $<3$ dB)                    | DC/ $10$ Hz to $50$ kHz  |



|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Incidental $\phi$ M at AM (30%),<br>AF = 1 kHz  | <0.2 rad        |
| Modulation input EXT<br>Input impedance         | >100 k $\Omega$ |
| Input voltage $V_p$ for set<br>modulation depth | 1 V             |

### Vector modulation

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Additional level inaccuracy in case of<br>vector modulation (ALC OFF),<br>referenced to CW mode | <0.3 dB |
|---|---------|

|                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| Operating mode | external DC |
|----------------|-------------|

|  |   |
|--|---|
| I and Q modulation inputs<br>Input impedance | 50 $\Omega$   |
| SWR (DC to 30 MHz)                           | <1.2  |
| Input voltage for full-scale level           | $\sqrt{I^2 + Q^2} = 0.5 \text{ V}$<br>(1 V EMF with 50 $\Omega$ source) |

|   |       |
|---|-------|
| Static error vector <sup>9)</sup><br>Level <+8 dBm<br>rms value |       |
| f < 2.6 GHz   | <0.5% |
| f > 2.6 GHz to f=3 GHz  | <0.7% |
| Peak value  |       |
| f < 2.6 GHz   | <1%   |
| f > 2.6 GHz to f=3 GHz  | <1.4% |

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Modulation frequency response<br>f > 500 MHz to 3 GHz |         |
| DC to 5 MHz   | <0.4 dB |
| DC to 50 MHz  | <3 dB   |
| f < 500 MHz and f > 3 GHz <sup>10)</sup>              |         |
| DC to 5 MHz   | <0.4 dB |
| DC to 30 MHz  | <3 dB   |

|   |                                |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Residual carrier at 0 V input voltage<br>referenced to max. input voltage | <-45 dBc (at f=5 MHz to 3 GHz) |
|---|--------------------------------|

|                   |              |
|-------------------|--------------|
| I/Q imbalance     |              |
| Carrier leakage   |              |
| Setting range     | 0% to 50%    |
| Resolution        | 0.5%         |
| I $\neq$ Q        |              |
| Setting range     | -12% to +12% |
| Resolution        | 0.1%         |
| Quadrature offset |              |
| Setting range     | -10° to +10° |
| Resolution        | 0.1°         |

|  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| Adjacent-channel leakage ratio (ACLR)<br>WCDMA 3GPP FDD<br>(f = 2.14 GHz)<br>Test model 1 (64 DPCHs) |                         |
| Offset 5 MHz   | nom. >60 dB, typ. 62 dB |
| Offset 10 MHz  | nom. >64 dB, typ. 66 dB |

### Frequency modulation

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Operating modes | internal, external AC/DC,<br>internal/external two-tone |
|-----------------|---|

|                              |                 |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Frequency deviation          |                 |
| 9 kHz to 76 MHz              | 0 Hz to 1 MHz   |
| >76 MHz to 151.3125 MHz      | 0 Hz to 125 kHz |
| >151.3125 MHz to 302.625 MHz | 0 Hz to 250 kHz |
| >302.625 MHz to 605.25 MHz   | 0 Hz to 500 kHz |
| >605.25 MHz to 1.2105 GHz    | 0 Hz to 1 MHz   |
| >1.2105 GHz to 1.818 GHz     | 0 Hz to 2 MHz   |
| >1.818 GHz to 2.655 GHz      | 0 Hz to 3 MHz   |
| >2.655 GHz to 3.300 GHz      | 0 Hz to 4 MHz   |

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| Resolution | <1% of set deviation,<br>minimum 10 Hz |
|------------|--|

|                                  |                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Setting accuracy (at AF = 1 kHz) | <4% of reading + 20 Hz |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| FM distortion (at AF = 1 kHz and<br>50% of max. deviation) | <0.2%, typ. 0.1% |
|--|------------------|

|                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Modulation frequency range (<3 dB) |                  |
| Standard                           | DC to 100 kHz    |
| Wide                               | 10 Hz to 500 kHz |

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| Incidental AM (at AF = 1 kHz,<br>f > 10 MHz, 40 kHz deviation) | <0.1% |
|--|-------|

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| Stereo modulation at 40 kHz useful<br>deviation, AF = 1 kHz,<br>RF = 87 MHz to 108 MHz |                  |
| Crosstalk  | >50 dB           |
| S/N ratio unweighted, rms  | >70 dB           |
| S/N ratio weighted, rms  | >70 dB           |
| Distortion   | <0.2%, typ. 0.1% |

|                                   |                            |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Carrier frequency offset at FM DC | typ. 0.1% of set deviation |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|

|  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Modulation input EXT<br>Input impedance                  | >100 k $\Omega$ |
| Input voltage $V_p$ for set deviation<br>(nominal value) | 1 V             |

### Phase modulation

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| Operating modes | internal, external AC/DC,<br>internal/external two-tone |
|-----------------|---|

|                                |                          |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Phase deviation <sup>11)</sup> |                          |
| 9 kHz to 76 MHz                | 0 rad to 10 (2) rad      |
| >76 MHz to 151.3125 MHz        | 0 rad to 1.25 (0.25) rad |
| >151.3125 MHz to 302.625 MHz   | 0 rad to 2.5 (0.5) rad   |
| >302.625 MHz to 605.25 MHz     | 0 rad to 5 (1) rad       |
| >605.25 MHz to 1.2105 GHz      | 0 rad to 10 (2) rad      |
| >1.2105 GHz to 1.818 GHz       | 0 rad to 20 (4) rad      |
| >1.818 GHz to 2.655 GHz        | 0 rad to 30 (6) rad      |
| >2.655 GHz to 3.300 GHz        | 0 rad to 40 (8) rad      |

|            |                     |
|------------|---------------------|
| Resolution | <1%, min. 0.001 rad |
|------------|---------------------|

|                                |                           |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Setting accuracy at AF = 1 kHz | <4% of reading + 0.02 rad |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|

|  |                  |
|--|------------------|
| Phase distortion (at AF = 1 kHz and<br>50% of maximum deviation) | <0.2%, typ. 0.1% |
|--|------------------|

|                                    |                  |
|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Modulation frequency range (-3 dB) |                  |
| Standard                           | DC to 100 kHz    |
| Wide                               | 10 Hz to 500 kHz |

|  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| Modulation inputs EXT<br>Input impedance                 | >100 k $\Omega$ |
| Input voltage $V_p$ for set deviation<br>(nominal value) | 1 V             |

### Pulse modulation (with option R&S®SML-B3)

|                 |                    |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Operating modes | internal, external |
|-----------------|--------------------|

|              |        |
|--------------|--------|
| On/off ratio | >80 dB |
|--------------|--------|

|                          |                    |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Rise/fall time (10%/90%) | <20 ns, typ. 10 ns |
|--------------------------|--------------------|

|                            |                 |
|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Pulse repetition frequency | 0 Hz to 2.5 MHz |
|----------------------------|-----------------|

|             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| Pulse delay | typ. 50 ns |
|-------------|------------|

|                           |        |
|---------------------------|--------|
| Video crosstalk ( $V_p$ ) | <30 mV |
|---------------------------|--------|

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Modulation input PULSE<br>Input level | TTL level (HCT)   |
| Input impedance                       | 10 k $\Omega$ or 50 $\Omega$ , selectable with internal<br>link |

### Pulse generator (with option R&S®SML-B3)

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| Operating modes      | automatic, externally triggered, external gate mode, single pulse, double pulse, delayed pulse (externally triggered) |
| Active trigger edge  | positive or negative  |
| Pulse period         | 100 ns to 85 s  |
| Resolution           | 5 digits, min. 20 ns  |
| Accuracy             | $<1 \times 10^{-4}$   |
| Pulse width          | 20 ns to 1 s  |
| Resolution           | 4 digits, min. 20 ns  |
| Accuracy             | $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns  |
| Pulse delay          | 20 ns to 1 s  |
| Resolution           | 4 digits, min. 20 ns  |
| Accuracy             | $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns  |
| Double-pulse spacing | 20 ns to 1 s  |
| Resolution           | 4 digits, min. 20 ns  |
| Accuracy             | $<1 \times 10^{-4} + 3$ ns  |
| Trigger delay        | typ. 50 ns  |
| Jitter               | <10 ns  |
| PULSE/VIDEO output   | TTL signal ( $R_L \geq 50 \Omega$ )   |

### Stereo/RDS coder (with option R&S®SML-B5)

The specifications apply to RF frequencies in the range 66 MHz to 110 MHz.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Stereo modes   |   |
| Internal with modulation generator   | L, R, R = L, R = -L   |
| External analog (via L and R inputs) or external digital (via S/P DIF input) | L, R, R = L, R = -L, R ≠ L  |
|  | internal generation of ARI/RDS signals, 5 user-selectable RDS data sets, simultaneous generation of MPX, ARI and RDS signals possible |
| MPX frequency deviation  | 0 Hz to 80 kHz  |
| Resolution   | 10 Hz   |
| L, R signal  |   |
| AF frequency range   | 20 Hz to 15 kHz   |
| AF frequency response (referenced to 500 Hz)                                 |   |
| AF = 20 Hz to 40 Hz  | <0.3 dB   |
| AF = 40 Hz to 15 kHz   | <0.2 dB   |
| Stereo crosstalk attenuation (at AF = 1 kHz)                                 | >50 dB  |
| Distortion (at 67.5 kHz MPX frequency deviation, AF = 1 kHz)                 | <0.1%, typ. 0.05%   |
| S/N ratio <sup>12)</sup> (stereo/RDS signal)                                 |   |
| ITU-R weighted (quasi-peak)  | >60 dB, typ. 63 dB  |
| ITU-R unweighted (rms)   | >70 dB, typ. 74 dB  |
| A-weighted (rms)   | >70 dB, typ. 76 dB  |
| Preemphasis  | off, 50 μs, 75 μs   |
| Pilot tone   |   |
| Frequency  | 19 kHz ±2 Hz  |
| Deviation  | 0 Hz to 10 kHz  |
| Resolution   | 10 Hz   |
| Phase (relative to 38 kHz phase)   | 0° to ±5°   |
| Resolution   | 0.1°  |
| ARI/RDS subcarrier frequency   | 57 kHz ±6 Hz  |
| ARI frequency deviation  |   |
| Resolution   | 0 Hz to 10 kHz  |
| Resolution   | 10 Hz   |
| RDS frequency deviation  |   |
| Resolution   | 0 Hz to 10 kHz  |
| Resolution   | 10 Hz   |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| ARI/RDS  | functions (directly selectable by menu or remote control)  |
| ARI identification   | selection of traffic announcement identification (DK) or area identification (BK),<br>OFF, DK, BK, DK + BK |
| ARI BK   | selection of standardized area identification A to F   |
| RDS traffic program  | traffic program off/on   |
| RDS traffic announcement                                   | traffic announcement off/on  |
| RDS data set   | selection of RDS data set 1 to 5   |
| Maximum data length  | 64 kbyte, can be loaded via IEC60625 or RS-232-C interface   |
| Analog modulation inputs L, R                              |  |
| Input impedance  | 2 × BNC  |
| Input voltage $V_p$ for selected deviation (nominal value) | 600 Ω or 100 kΩ  |
| Digital modulation input S/P DIF                           | BNC  |
| Input impedance  | 75 Ω   |
| Input voltage $V_{pp}$                                     | 1 V (400 mV to 5 V)  |

**Sweep** digital in discrete steps

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| RF sweep, AF sweep |   |
| Operating modes    | automatic, single-shot, manually or externally triggered, linear or logarithmic |
| Sweep range        | user-selectable   |
| Step width (lin)   | user-selectable   |
| Step width (log)   | 0.01% to 100%   |
| Level sweep        |   |
| Operating modes    | automatic, single-shot, manually or externally triggered, logarithmic           |
| Sweep range        | user-selectable   |
| Step width (log)   | user-selectable   |
| Step time          | 10 ms to 1 s  |
| Resolution         | 0.1 ms  |
| Trigger input      |   |
| Input level        | TTL (HCT)   |
| Input impedance    | 10 kΩ (pull-up)   |

### Memory for device settings

|                             |     |
|-----------------------------|-----|
| Number of storable settings | 100 |
|-----------------------------|-----|

### Remote control

|                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| System               | IEC60625 (IEEE488) and RS-232-C               |
| Command set          | SCPI 1995.0                                   |
| Connector            | Amphenol, 24-pin and 9-pin                    |
| IEC/IEEE bus address | 0 to 30                                       |
| Interface functions  | SF1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP1, DC1, DT1, C0 |

## General data

|  |   |
|--|---|
| Operating temperature range                    | 0 °C to 55 °C;<br>meets DIN EN 60068-2-1: 1995-03 and<br>DIN EN 60068-2-2: 1994-08  |
| Storage temperature range                      | -40 °C to +70 °C  |
| Climatic resistance<br>Damp heat               | 95% relative humidity at +25 °C/<br>+40 °C cyclically; meets IEC 60068  |
| Mechanical resistance<br>Vibration, sinusoidal | 5 Hz to 150 Hz, max. 2 g at 55 Hz,<br>max. 0.5 g between 55 Hz and<br>150 Hz, meets IEC 60068, IEC 61010<br>and MIL-T-28800D, class 5 |
| Vibration, random                              | 10 Hz to 300 Hz,<br>acceleration 1.2 g (rms)  |
| Shock  | 40 g shock spectrum,<br>meets MIL-STD-810D and<br>MIL-T-28800D, class 3/5   |
| Electromagnetic compatibility                  | meets EN 55011 and EN 61326-1<br>(EMC directive of EU)  |
| Immunity to radiated interference              | 10 V/m  |
| Power supply                                   | 100 V to 120 V (AC), 50 Hz to 400 Hz,<br>200 V to 240 V (AC), 50 Hz to 60 Hz,<br>autoranging, max. 250 VA                             |
| Safety   | meets DIN EN 61010-1, IEC 1010-1,<br>UL 3111-1, CSA 22.2 No. 1010-1   |
| Dimensions (W × H × D)                         | 427 mm × 88 mm × 450 mm   |
| Weight   | 9.5 kg when fully equipped  |

- <sup>1)</sup> With option R&S®SML-B3 only for  $f > 20$  MHz.
- <sup>2)</sup> With attenuator mode auto.
- <sup>3)</sup> Temperature range 20 °C to 30 °C.
- <sup>4)</sup> -140 dBm to 11 dBm at  $f \leq 5$  MHz,  $f > 3$  GHz.
- <sup>5)</sup> With attenuator mode fixed.
- <sup>6)</sup> With attenuator mode auto,  $f \geq 100$  kHz.
- <sup>7)</sup> +5 dBm to +11 dBm at  $f \leq 5$  MHz,  $f > 3$  GHz.
- <sup>8)</sup> With option R&S®SML-B3 only for  $f > 10$  MHz.
- <sup>9)</sup> After 1 hour warm-up and recalibration within 4 hours of operation after temperature variations  $< 5$  °C.
- <sup>10)</sup> The modulation bandwidth continuously decreases upon approaching 5 MHz or 3.3 GHz.
- <sup>11)</sup> Values in brackets apply to wide modulation bandwidth.
- <sup>12)</sup> Generator without preemphasis, receiver with deemphasis.

## Ordering information

| Designation                | Type                     | Order No.                  |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Vector Signal Generator    | R&S®SMV03                | 1147.7509.13               |
| Accessories supplied       | power cable, user manual |                            |
| <b>Options</b>             |                          |                            |
| Reference Oscillator OCXO  | R&S®SML-B1               | 1090.5790.02               |
| Pulse Modulator            | R&S®SML-B3               | 1090.5403.02 <sup>1)</sup> |
| Stereo/RDS Coder           | R&S®SML-B5               | 1147.8805.02               |
| Rear Connectors for AF, RF | R&S®SML-B19              | 1090.5303.02 <sup>1)</sup> |
| <b>Recommended extras</b>  |                          |                            |
| Service Kit                | R&S®SML-Z2               | 1090.5203.02               |
| 19" Rack Adapter           | R&S®ZZA-211              | 1096.3260.00               |
| Transport Bag              | R&S®ZZT-214              | 1109.5119.00               |
| Service Manual, Modules    |                          | 1090.3123.24               |

- <sup>1)</sup> Factory-fitted only.



More information at  
[www.rohde-schwarz.com](http://www.rohde-schwarz.com)  
(search term: SMV03)



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