# **LeCroy**

# **SERIAL DATA ANALYZERS** (3 GHz–6 GHz)





# A Total Solution for Serial Data Analysis

With serial data—both electrical and optical—quickly becoming a dominant form of data transmission, fast and accurate analysis becomes a priority. The LeCroy SDA integrates all the key tests into one device while providing powerful standard and jitter packages. Here are a few key measurements that are part of this powerful analyzer's capabilities:

- Eye patterns with violation locator
- Accurate and repeatable jitter analysis
- Precision numerical clock recovery with adjustable PLL response
- Bit error analysis
- 1 ps jitter noise floor
- Compliance testing for a broad range of standards

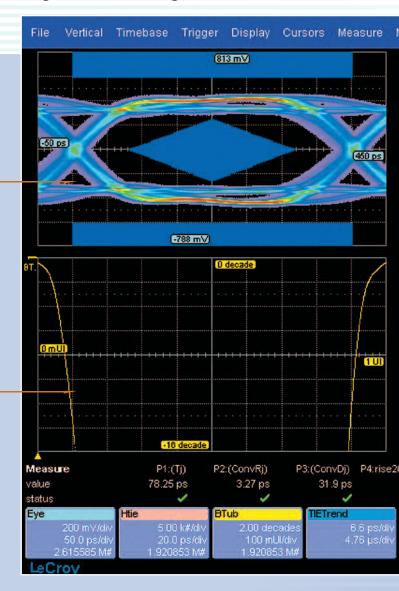
# A Four-Quadrant 360° Analysis of Your Serial Data Signal

### Eye Patterns Show Mask Violations to the Bit

- Eye pattern measurement on up to 8 million consecutive bits ensures that even transient jitter and noise events are captured
- Consecutive bit eye pattern analysis allows for the measurement of the wave shapes of individual bits that violate the compliance mask (violation location)
- Fast update rate
- Very low measurement jitter (typically 1 ps rms)

#### Jitter Bathtub

- Bathtub curve extrapolated directly from the time interval error (TIE) histogram gives an accurate total iitter measurement.
- Presents jitter as a function of bit error rate.
- Predicts maximum BER performance of system.



## Serial Data Analysis

One-button access that covers the following serial data measurements:

- Eye patterns
- Jitter analysis (including total, random and deterministic)
- Signal rise/fall and overshoot
- Extinction ratio and Q factor
- Standards compliance

# New Advanced Serial Data and Jitter Analysis (Standard)

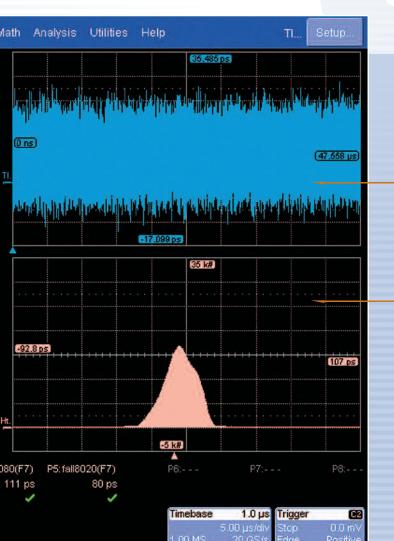
With this analysis software, the SDA resolves the most challenging measurements like:

- Edge-to-edge jitter
- Clock jitter
- Filtered jitter
- Effective and MJSQ jitter
- ISI plot of data dependent jitter
- N-cycle jitter plot
- Bit error rate analysis
- Mask violation

### **Serial Data Standards**

The SDA supports a wide range of standards, including:

- Serial Attached SCSI (SAS 1.5 Gb/s, 3.0 Gb/s, and 6 Gb/s)
- PCI Express<sup>®</sup> Gen1 and Gen2 (2.5 Gb/s and 5 Gb/s)
- UWB Wimedia Alliance
- Serial ATA (1.5 Gb/s and 3.0 Gb/s)
- Fully Buffered DIMM (FB-DIMM)
   AMB Point-to-Point (3.2 Gb/s to 4.8 Gb/s)
- Fibre Channel (133 Mb/s to 8.5 Gb/s)
- USB 2.0 (HS signal quality)
- IEEE 802.3 (10Base-T, 100Base-T, 1000Base-T)
- High Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI)
- 1000Base-LX4 (XAUI)



### Jitter Trend

- Time domain view of jitter displays transient jitter events that can be missed by viewing the histogram alone.
- Clearly shows any non-stationary jitter behavior.

### Histogram

- Display of measured jitter histogram clearly shows any unusual jitter distributions such as bi-modal or non-Gaussian tails. By simply viewing the jitter breakdown (Rj, Dj), the raw data view shows jitter behavior that can be lost.
- This unprocessed display gives a high degree of confidence in the accuracy of the jitter breakdown and bathtub curve.



# **Thorough Jitter Analysis**

Jitter is the most critical measurement in serial data signal analysis, and LeCroy has the ultimate solution for you. The SDA can measure a full set of clock and timing jitter parameters as well as time interval error (TIE) measurements for data signals. With the included ASDA-J measurement package (see below), you get the most effective jitter analysis tool available today.

- TIE measurements are performed using a precise software clock recovery.
- Data bit deviation is measured from their ideal locations in time.
- Processed data is displayed in several different views, including bathtub, histogram, time trend, and data dependent jitter vs. bit.
- Measurements include total, random, and deterministic, with the latter broken down into periodic and data dependent parts.

# **Turbocharge Your Jitter Measurements**

Many different instruments such as sampling oscilloscopes, time interval ana-

# ASDA-J Software

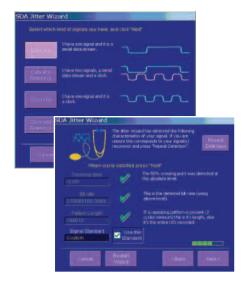
lyzers (TIA's), and bit error rate test sets are used to

evaluate the jitter in serial data streams. The LeCroy ASDA-J package (included), is the first software to implement all of these standard methods. With a single instrument, the slight differences among methods can be viewed and understood. ASDA-J provides specific jitter measurements to meet all serial data standards.

### **Jitter Wizard**

This feature automatically selects all of the critical instrument settings, ensuring the highest accuracy and repeatability.

- Prompts the user about the signal under test.
- Sampling rate, level, bit rate, and pattern length are automatically detected.



## **Edge-to-Edge Jitter**

In this mode, timing is measured on data transitions relative to one another in the same way as a timing interval analyzer (TIA).

- Measurements can be displayed directly or compensated to correlate with phase jitter measurements.
- Tj, Rj, and Dj measurements can be made at specific UI spacings or for all spacings in the data stream.

#### Filtered Jitter

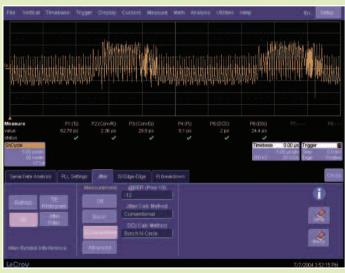
ASDA-J offers a filtered jitter mode to support ITU-T and SONET measurements.

- Band-pass filter with selectable upper and lower cutoff frequencies supplied.
- Peak-to-peak and rms value, plus the jitter waveform, are displayed in this mode.



### **Bathtub Curve**

The bathtub curve shows the overall jitter distribution over a unit interval and serves as the basis for bit error rate estimation.



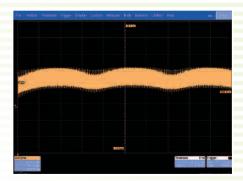
## Synchronous N-cycle Plot

This display shows the data dependent jitter for each data transition in a repeating data pattern. The pattern is automatically detected from the data stream.

# N-cycle vs. N Jitter Plot

This display shows the rms jitter as a function of the UI spacing. This display provides a very sensitive way of viewing periodic jitter effects.

The minimum value of this plot gives the rms value of the random jitter.



The horizontal axis is the number of UI, N, over which the jitter is measured and the vertical dimension shows the rms jitter for that spacing. The plot above shows a signal with low frequency periodic jitter.

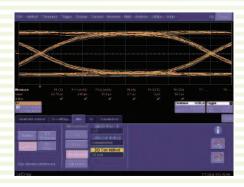
## Jitter Analysis: Rj, Dj, Tj

The SDA measures total jitter by extrapolating the histogram of jitter measurements. The ASDA-J option includes the following three methods for determining the random and deterministic components to support all existing standards:

- Conventional. Deterministic jitter is measured directly and Rj is the difference between the total and deterministic parts.
- Effective. BERT-scan method using the bathtub curve to fit a "dual dirac" jitter model.
- MJSQ. Fibre Channel method using two Gaussian curves to fit the extremes of the measured distribution.

## **ISI Plot**

The ISI plot displays data dependent jitter contributions to the eye pattern for the second-to-last bit of a bit length, set from 3 to 10. This plot measures data dependent jitter without the need for a repeating bit pattern.





# **The Cleanest Eye Patterns Possible**

Eye pattern analysis is a widely used tool for assessing the signal integrity of serial data streams. The SDA measures eve patterns on a continuous record of up to 8M consecutive unit intervals (UI). A softwaredefined clock recovery algorithm is used to separate the record into segments that are one UI in length, and the segments are then overlaid to form the eye pattern. Subsequent

acquisitions are accumulated with the previous ones.

- Consecutive UI ensures the capture of transient events on any single bit.
- Eye pattern measurement compliant for PCI Express, Serial ATA, USB 2.0, and Serial Attached SCSI.
- Trigger jitter is eliminated, giving a measurement of jitter that is 7x lower than traditional methods of measuring eye patterns.

# A Sharp Focus for Eye Patterns

Eye violation location displays individual bits that violate the eye mask boundaries. The SDA measures

# ASDA-J Software

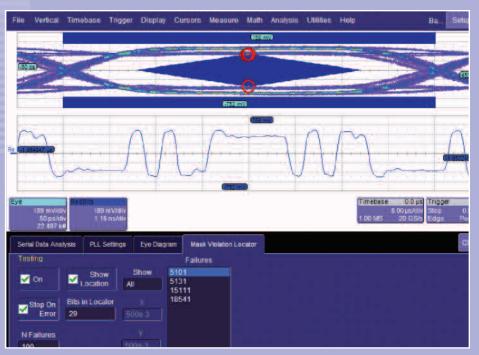
eye patterns on consecutive unit intervals of the data stream under

test. The original waveform is indexed by the software so that the parts of the overall waveform that violate the mask boundaries, when formed into an eye pattern, can be identified by the particular bit that caused them. The signal waveform around the failed bit is displayed, and relationships between the failure and adjacent bits can be easily seen. A second channel from the instrument can also be displayed, and time-aligned with the signal under test, to locate relationships between failures and other signals in the system under test.



The original bit sequence is stored along with the eye pattern, allowing the user to locate the exact bit or bits that caused a mask failure. This type of analysis pinpoints the source of mask failures, speeding up the debugging process. The display can be set to show any number of bits around a specific violation up to the total acquisition so specific bit patterns can be recognized. A table of violations and bit locations is also available.

- Fully programmable clock recovery algorithm, including first- and second-order PLL models, provides compliance to all existing standards and allows the modeling of specific receiver types.
- Clock recovery modes for PCI Express, DVI/HDMI, and "GOLDEN" PLL.
- Fast update rate for both electrical and optical signals with reference receiver.



Eye patterns are measured on a continuous record of up to 8M consecutive UI, giving low jitter, high update rates, and the ability to capture single-bit anomalies.

# **Bit Error Rate Analysis**

While bit error rate performance can be predicted through signal quality tests on the transmitter, jitter tolerance testing of receivers can only be evaluated through bit error rate analysis. The SDA converts the captured record of consecutive bits to generate a bit stream, using its software clock recovery and a threshold detector. The bit stream is compared to the expected pattern to determine the number of bit errors and the error ratio. Bit error locations can be displayed in a 3-dimensional map that shows the error locations relative to their position within a frame or pattern. This type of display shows the root causes of bit errors by clearly indicating pattern or frame related issues.

- Measures total errors, 1's errors, 0's errors, and error rate.
- Up to 1e-7 BER on a single capture.
- Error map shows locations of bit errors accumulated over multiple signal acquisitions to measure lower bit error rates.
- Reference patterns can be PRBS5 to PRBS23, and arbitrary patterns can be entered into the instrument or stored in a file.



The bit error map displays the location of bit errors (shown as bright squares) relative to their location in a frame or pattern. Each frame is displayed as a row in the plot. Frames can be of fixed length, delimited by a specific bit pattern, or both. The bit error rate, along with the number of bit errors, is displayed below the map.

# 8B/10B Protocol Decoding

Simultaneously translates up to 4 lanes of 8B/10B encoded Serial Data waveforms into symbol views to allow easier troubleshooting. This allows the user to quickly correlate protocol events with the physical serial data waveform. The decoder operates with 8B/10B encoded data at rates up to 6.25 Gb/s.



# **Serial Pattern Trigger**

The SDA 6000A XXL and SDA 4000A XXL include a serial pattern trigger that enables signal acquisition to be synchronized with a specific bit sequence in the serial data stream under test. This trigger can be combined with the powerful jitter and eye pattern analysis features of the SDA to measure specific parts of a data stream, such as unscrambled header bytes or specific channels, in a multiplexed data stream. The SDA can also:

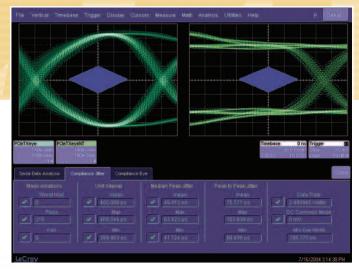
- Trigger on pattern lengths up to 32 bits
- Support data rates from 50 Mb/s to 2.7 Gb/s
- Provide recovered clock and data signals to external measurement equipment

# **Standards Compliance**

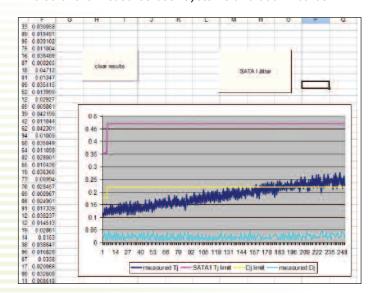
The SDA Series offers a growing list of compliance packages to support everything from USB 2.0 to PCI Express. These optional packages enhance the basic analysis and debug capabilities of the SDA by adding specific compliance measurements and displays. Simple single-button operation can be invoked to perform an entire set of measurements and to display all results, including a pass/fail indicator. LeCroy continues to add new measurements to the SDA to support current and emerging serial data standards.

# **Future-proof Customization**

As new standards are being developed, specialized measurements are often needed. Using the powerful customization features of the SDA, specialized parameters and functions can be implemented using MATLAB,® Mathcad,® Excel, Visual Basic, or any other programming language. These functions can then be embedded into the instrument, creating custom measurements that can be accessed in the same manner as any of the standard features of the instrument.



The SDA-PCIE-G2 software option for the SDA implements PCI-SIG® compliant eye pattern and jitter measurements. The software measures both systems and add-in cards.



Customization and Automation can be used to create special measurements for new standards. The plot above shows an implementation of the Serial ATA Generation I jitter test in an Excel spreadsheet.

# **New Q-Scale-See Jitter Components Accurately**

First introduced in real-time serial data analyzers by LeCroy, the new Q-Scale view shows a graphical representation of key jitter components. It is a powerful tool for the engineer troubleshooting the source of jitter in circuits.

In brief, Q-Scale analysis depicts a Gaussian distribution as a straight line.

There are two fundamental benefits of using Q-Scale:

- When placed on top of the reference line, you can instantly judge how Gaussian the distribution is. This is much easier than trying to look at the sides of a bathtub curve.
- 2. Greatly improved stability of the Random Jitter (Rj) component.

  Because the Rj component is heavily weighted to form the Tj, the Total Jitter number is also much more repeatable.

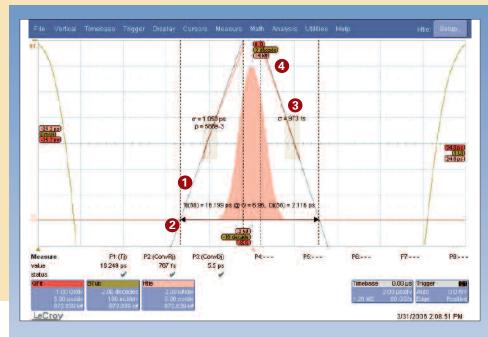
# Interpreting the Q-Scale

As with any jitter histogram, the width indicates the amount of jitter. The slope of the grey lines decreases with increasing random jitter.

The alignment of the red lines with the grey reference lines indicates how close to pure Gaussian the distribution on the corresponding face is. Note that it is possible and common for the two faces of the histogram to be nonsymmetrical, and even represent different amounts of jitter relative to the ideal edge placement.

The bottom tails of the red lines curve inward toward the center when there is a bounded component present. Likely sources of this jitter would be cross talk and power supply noise.

The distance between the dotted lines in the center is the deterministic (effective Dj) component, in the



# 1. Linearity Reveals the Source of Random Jitter

When red line lies on grey reference, the face has a Gaussian distribution.

- Bottom curves outward = more Ri
- Bottom curves inward = more bounded

# 2. Total Jitter Population at Your Finger Tips

Base of the histogram is total jitter interval at selected BER (shown as dotted lines).

### 3. Precise Intuitive Calculation of Rj

Slope of grey line decreases with increasing Ri.

#### 4. Directly View Dj Magnitude

Intersection of the grey reference lines with the top of the grid represents the deterministic component in time (Effective Dj). Displayed as dotted vertical lines: Sigma value = Random Jitter Rho-fitting coefficient (quality of model fit)

correct time scale. There is no separation in these lines when the Dj is zero, indicating pure random jitter.

Three parameters are used to fit the tail of the histogram—Sigma, Mean, and Population. The Rho factor indicates the closeness of the data fit to the extrapolated model necessary to extend the histogram to the selected BER. A value of 1.0 would indicate a

perfect fit to a single Gaussian distribution. Rho is the amount of the distribution of the histogram fit into the extrapolated tail. Essentially, this number represents a figure of merit for the measurement quality.



The SDA serial pattern trigger can be used to acquire specific bit patterns for processing.

# Optical-to-Electrical Converters

The OE525 and OE555 O/E converters feature 4.5 GHz optical bandwidth and multi-mode optical fiber inputs, and operate over the 500–870 nm and 950–1630 nm wavelength ranges, respectively. The O/E converters

feature DSP-based reference receivers that give precise response for any data rate and on any channel.



# LabNotebook™ – A Comprehensive Report Documentation and Setup Archival Tool

Now you can efficiently create complete and detailed waveform reports directly in the serial data analyzer. An all-in-one solution for annotating and sharing information, LabNotebook simplifies results recording and report generation by eliminating the multi-step processes that often involve several pieces of equipment.



Freehand notes can be written on the screen with a stylus right on the waveform and then saved in the report file. Simple and very efficient.

# **Makes Reports the Way You Want**

LabNotebook enables you to focus on results rather than the process, so you can now:

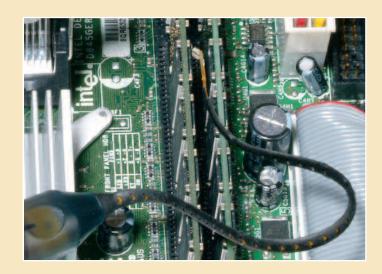
- Save all displayed waveforms
- Save the relevant setups with the saved waveform
- Add freehand notes with a stylus or as text
- Convert the complete report to pdf, rtf, or html
- Print or e-mail reports

# WaveLink® D600ST Mechanical Performance Without Rival

Best-in-class mechanical design for optimum utility:

- Small-tip, high-bandwidth differential probe
- Three interconnect configurations for flexibility
- Very small form factor for accessing tight spaces

Each of the interchangeable leads is a thin, highly flexible 145 mm (5.7") long lead connecting the tip and the D600ST probe tip module.



# **Specifications**

Vertical System	SDA 6020	SDA 6000A XXL	SDA 4020	SDA 4000A XXL	SDA 3010
Analog Bandwidth @ 50 Ω (-3 dB)	6 GHz	6 GHz	4 GHz	4 GHz	3 GHz
Rise Time (Typical)	75 ps	75 ps	105 ps	105 ps	150 ps
Input Channels	4				
Bandwidth Limiters	20 MHz, 200 MHz, 1 G	Hz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz (1 an	d 3 GHz for SDA 4xxx m	odel only. 4 GHz for SI	DA 6xxx model only)
Input Impedance	50 $\Omega$ ±2.0% 50 $\Omega$ ±1.5%, 1 M $\Omega$   15				
Input Coupling		1 MΩ: AC, DC, GND; 50 Ω: DC			
Maximum Input Voltage			GND V <sub>peak</sub>		50 Ω: 5 V <sub>rms</sub> , 1 MΩ: 100 V max
maximam input voltage		= '	· peak		(peak AC: ≤ 5 kHz + DC)
Channel-Channel Isolation	≥	100:1 at 2 GHz; ≥ 40:1	at 3 GHz; ≥ 20:1 at 4 GH	Hz	250:1 at same V/div setting, 40:1 at 3 GHz
Vertical Resolution	8 bits; up to 11 bits wit	h enhanced resolution (	(ERES)		40.1 8t 3 GHZ
Sensitivity			, < 10 mV/div through zo	nom)	50 Ω: 2 mV-1 V/div (fully variable
OCHORITY	2 111	v i v/aiv (raily variable,	, < 10 miv/aiv tillough 20	,0111)	1 M $\Omega$ : 2 mV–2 V/div (fully variable
DC Gain Accuracy		+1 5% 0	f full scale		±1.5% of full scale
Offset Range			mV-194 mV/div		50 Ω: ±700 mV @ 2–4.95 mV/di
Chactrunge		±1.5 V @ 5–100 mV/div ±10 V @ 0.102-1 V/div 1 MΩ: ±700 mV @ 2–4.95 mV/di ±1.5 V @ 5–100 mV/div ±20 V @ 0.102–2 V/div			
Offset Accuracy	±	(1.5% of full scale +1.5	5% of offset value +2 m	V)	±(1.5% of full scale + 0.5% of
Haring atal Contain					offset value + 2 mV)
Horizontal System	Internal timeshase some	nan ta 1 innut ahannala	u an autamal alaak maari	ha ampliad at the auvilie	an , ion , it
Timebases	internal timebase comir		; an external clock may l	be applied at the auxilia	
Time/Division Range			ps/div–10 s/div Sampling: to 20 ps/div		Real Time: 200 ps/div-10 s/div; RIS mode: to 20 ps/div; Roll mode: up to 1000 s/div
Math and Zoom Traces	8 independent zoom an	nd 8 math or zoom trace	es		
Sample Rate and Delay Time Accuracy		±1 ppm ≤	10 s interval		±5 ppm ≤ 10 s interval
Time Interval Accuracy	≤ 0.06 / SR + (1 ppm *	Reading) (rms)			
Jitter Noise Floor	1 ps rms (typical)				
Trigger and Interpolator Jitter		< 2 ps rn	ns (typical)		3 ps rms (typical)
Channel-Channel Deskew Range	±	9 x time/div. setting, or	25 ns, whichever is larg	er	±9 x time/div. setting, or 100 ms, whichever is larger
External Timebase Reference	100 MHz; 50 Ω impeda	nce applied at the rear	input		or roo me, willower le larger
External Clock	30 MHz–2 GHz 50 Ω	inco, applica at the real	30 MHz-2 GHz 50 Ω		30 MHz–1 GHz 50 Ω
	impedance applied	N/A	impedance applied	N/A	impedance applied
	at the auxiliary input		at the auxiliary input		at the auxiliary input
Acquisition System					
Single-Shot Sample Rate/Ch	20 GS/s on 4 Ch	20 GS/s on 2 Ch;	20 GS/s on 4 Ch	20 GS/s on 2 Ch;	20 GS/s on 2 Ch;
Single-Shot Sample Mate/Cit	20 03/5 011 4 011	10 GS/s on 4 Ch	20 03/5 011 4 011	10 GS/s on 4 Ch	10 GS/s on 4 Ch
Random Interleaved Sampling (RIS)	200 GS/s for repetitive s		per time/div limit function		
Maximum Trigger Rate	150,000 waveforms/sec			ir or sample rate and m	errory length settings
Intersegment Time	≤ 6 µs	cond (iii bequence mode	e, up to 4 charmers,		
intersegment nine	Δ 0 μ3				Max. Segments
Maximum Acquisition Memory Points/Ch	4 Ch	(2 Ch) / (4 Ch)	4 Ch	(2 Ch) / (4 Ch)	(4 Ch / 2 Ch) (Sequence Mode
Standard Memory	20M	100M / 50M	20M	100M / 50M	10M / 20M 5000
VL – Memory Option	32M	N/A	32M	N/A	N/A 10,000
XL – Memory Option	50M	N/A	50M	N/A	25M / 50M 20,000
	50101	IN/A	50101	IV/A	25101 / 50101 20,000
Acquisition Processing					
Averaging	Summed averaging to 1	1 million sweeps; contir	nuous averaging to 1 mill	lion sweeps	
Enhanced Resolution (ERES)	From 8.5 to 11 bits ver	tical resolution			
Envelope (Extrema)	Envelope, floor, or roof	for up to 1 million swee	eps		
Interpolation	Linear or Sin x/x				
Triggering System					
Modes	Normal, Auto, Single, a	nd Ston			
Sources*			, or line; slope and level	unique to each course	(ayaant lina triggar)
	DC	aniai, EXL∧ IU, EXL÷IU	, or line, slope and level	unique to each soulce	/evceht iiile tilääei)
Coupling Mode		/adi. atabla in 10/ :	ramantal		
Pre-trigger Delay	0–100% of memory size (adjustable in 1% increments)				
Post-trigger Delay	The smaller of 0–10,000 divisions or 86,400 seconds				
Hold-off by Time or Events	From 2 ns up to 20 s or from 1 to 99,999,999 events				
Internal Trigger Range	±5 div from center				

<sup>\*</sup>External trigger not available on the SDA 6000A XXL or SDA 4000A XXL.

# **Specifications**

Triggering System	SDA 6020	SDA 6000A XXL	SDA 4020	SDA 4000A XXL	SDA 3010
Trigger Sensitivity with Edge Trigger (Ch 1-4)		Ø≤5 GHz		0 ≤ 4 GHz	2 div < 3 GHz
		0 < 4 GHz	1.2 div @ <	3 GHz (typical)	1 div < 2 GHz
External Trigger Sensitivity (Edge Trigger)		3 GHz (typical)	900 m\/	@ ≤ 4 GHz,	2 div < 3 GHz
External migger Sensitivity (Luge migger)		@ < 4 GHz		B GHz (typical)	1 div < 2 GHz
		3 GHz (typical)		.,,,,	
Max. Trigger Frequency, SMART Trigger™	750 MHz @ ≤ 10 mV				
External Trigger Input Range	Aux (±0.4 V);		Aux (±0.4 V);		Aux (±0.4 V);
	Aux X10 (±0.04 V); Aux/10 (±4 V)	N/A	Aux X10 (±0.04 V); Aux/10 (±4 V)	N/A	Aux X10 (±0.04 V); Aux/10 (±4 V)
	Aux/10 (±4 V)		Aux/10 (±4 V)		Aux/10 (±4 V)
Basic Triggers	T: 1 : 1				
Edge/Slope/Line	iriggers when signal m	neets slope (positive or ne	gative) and level conditi	on.	
SMART Triggers					
State or Edge Qualified		source only if a defined s		on another	
Dranaut		etween sources is selectars  sout for longer than select	•	a and 20 a	
Dropout Pattern*				and external trigger input.	
attern				can be selected independer	ntly.
	Triggers at start or end		0	'	,
Serial Trigger†					
Data Rates	N/A	50 Mb/s to 2.7 Gb/s	N/A	50 Mb/s to 2.7 Gb/s	N/A
Pattern Length	N/A	Up to 32 bits	N/A	Up to 32 bits	N/A
Clock and Data Outputs		1/2 amplitude AC		1/2 amplitude AC	
	N/A	coupled LVPCL, 400 mV <sub>p-p</sub> into 50 $\Omega$	N/A	coupled LVPCL, 400 mV <sub>p-p</sub> into 50 Ω	N/A
		400 mvp-p mto 30 22		400 111vp-p 111to 30 32	
SMART Triggers with Exclusion Technology					
Glitch and Pulse Width	Triggers on positive or	negative glitches with w	ridths selectable from (	600 ps to 20 s, or on interm	nittent faults
Signal or Pattern Width		negative pulse widths se			
0: 1 8 1	or on intermittent faul		1.00		
Signal or Pattern Interval	iriggers on intervals s	electable between 2 ns a	na 20 S.		
Setup Storage					
Front Panel and Instrument Status	Store to the internal h	ard drive or to a USB-con	nected peripheral devi	ce.	
Power Requirements					
Voltage				z; Automatic AC Voltage Se	
Max. Power Consumption	800 VA (800 W)	650 W/650 VA	800 VA (800 W)	650 W/650 VA	650 W/650 VA
Environmental					
Temperature (Operating) Temperature (Non-Operating)	+5 °C to +40 °C included -20 °C to +60 °C	ding CD-ROM drives			
Humidity (Operating)		ımidity (non-condensing)	un to ±30 °C		
Tarmany (Operating)	5% to 80% relative humidity (non-condensing) up to +30 °C. Upper limit derates to 25% relative humidity (non-condensing) at +40 °C.				
Humidity (Non-Operating)	5% to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing) as tested per MIL-PRF-28800F				
Altitude (Operating)		m) at or below +25 °C			
Altitude (Non-Operating)	Up to 40,000 ft. (12,19	∌∠ m)			
Physical Dimensions					
Dimensions (HWD)		491 mm; 10.4" x 15.6" x 1			10 10 10 10
Weight Shipping Weight	23 kg; 50 lbs. 29 kg; 63 lbs.	18 kg; 39 lbs. 24 kg; 53 lbs.	23 kg; 50 lbs. 29 kg; 63 lbs.	18 kg; 39 lbs. 24 kg; 53 lbs.	18 kg; 39 lbs. 24 kg; 53 lbs.
	20 kg, 00 lus.	24 kg, 55 lb5.	20 kg, 00 lbs.	24 kg, 55 lb5.	24 kg, 00 lbs.
Certifications	CE Compliant III	al II liatade conforme to	EN 61226 1 EN 6121	) 1	
	CE Compliant, UL and cUL listed; conforms to EN 61326-1, EN 61010-1, UL 3111-1, and CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1				
	3110 00/1 022.2 110. 10				
Warranty and Service					
		ation recommended annu			
	Optional service progr	ams include extended wa	arranty, upgrades, and	calibration services.	

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum of 4 channels (no External) on the SDA 6000A XXL and SDA 4000A XXL.

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger \text{Serial Trigger}$  is available in SDA 6000A XXL and SDA 4000A XXL.

# **Specifications**

Standard	Fixtures	Measurements	Software Options	Web Site
InfiniBand		Rj, Dj, Tj, Eye pattern		www.infinibandta.org
PCI Express	CLB, CBB (available through PCI-SIG)	jitter, eye patterns	SDA-PCIE-G2	www.pci-sig.org
Fibre Channel (133 to 4.25 Gb/s)	OE525 (optical standards)	jitter, Rj, Dj, Tj, eye pattern		www.fibrechannel.org
USB 2.0 (HS signal quality)	TF-USB	HS signal quality (eye pattern)	USB2	www.usb.org
IEEE 1394b (jitter and eye pattern)	QP-SIB, QP-SIG (available from Quantum Parametrics)	eye pattern, Rj, Tj, Dj		www.1394TA.com
SONET/SDH (optical, up to OC48/STM16)	OE555	eye pattern, filtered jitter		telecom-info.telcordia.com
Ethernet 10/100 1000Base-ST, 1000Base-LX	TF-ET TF-ENET TF-10BT	eye pattern, Rj, Tj, Dj	ENET	www.IEEE.org
RapidIO (Parallel/Serial)		eye pattern, Tj, Rj, Dj		www.rapidio.org
Serial Attached SCSI		eye pattern, jitter: Tj, Dj	SDA-SAS	www.T10.org
100Base-LX4 (XAUI)		eye pattern, jitter: Tj, Dj		www.10gea.org
DVI	TPA-R, TPA-P (available through DDWG)	eye pattern with software clock recovery PLL, rise/fall		www.DDWG.org
HDMI	TPA-R, TPA-P (available through DDWG)	eye pattern with software clock recovery PLL, rise/fall	SDA-HDMI	www.HDMI.org
FB-DIMM	contact LeCroy	all PHY compliance measurements	SDA-FB-DIMM	www.jedec.org
Serial ATA	TF-SATA	eye pattern, jitter Gen1 (edge to edge), Gen2 (2nd order PLL)	SDA-SATA	www.sata-io.org
WiMedia UWB		PSD, EVM, Magnitude, Phase QPSK, DCM, Constellation	SDA-UWB*	www.wimedia.org

\*Compatible with SDA 6000A XXL and SDA 6020 only

### **Standard**

### **Advanced Serial Data Analysis Tools**

### **Eye Diagram**

bit rate	eye timing	
pattern detect	eye crossing	
Tx density	extinction ratio	
mask test with violation locator	average power	
eye amplitude		

### **Clock Recovery**

standard PLL settings number of poles
(FC GOLDEN, PCI Express,
DVI, Custom) damping factor
custom filter settings

### **Jitter Analysis**

jitter wizard synchronous N-cycle with bit edge to reference (data to clock) pattern display edge to edge (data to data) bathtub curve conventional jitter histogram effective filtered jitter periodic jitter (Pj) with MJSQ basic (Tj, Rj, Dj) peak frequency listing Dj breakdown (DDj, Pj, DCD) TIE clock jitter advanced (peak-peak and rms) period jitter half-period jitter ISI plot with bit sequence tracking cycle-cycle jitter

### **Pass/Fail Testing**

Simultaneously test multiple parameters against selectable parameter limits or pre-defined masks. Pass or fail conditions can initiate actions, including document to local or networked files, e-mail the image of the failure, save waveforms, send a pulse out at the front panel auxiliary BNC output, or (with the GPIB option) send a GPIB SRQ.

#### 8B/10B Protocol Decoding

Simultaneously translates up to 4 lanes of 8B/10B encoded Serial Data waveforms into symbol views to allow easier troubleshooting. This allows the user to quickly correlate protocol events with the physical serial data waveform. The decoder operates with 8B/10B encoded data at rates up to 6.25 Gb/s.

#### **Math Tools**

Display up to four math function traces (F1 - F4). The easy-to-use graphical interface simplifies setup of up to two operations on each function trace, and function traces can be chained together to perform math-on-math.

-		
absolute value Auto-correlation function average (summed) average (continuous) cubic interpolation function	fft (power spectrum, magnitude, phase, up to 25 Mpts) floor histogram of 2 billion events	ratio (/) reciprocal rescale (with units) roof (sinx)/x sparse function
derivative	integral	square
deskew (resample)	invert (negate)	square root
difference (–)	log (base e)	sum (+)
enhanced resolution	log (base 10)	track graphs
(to 11 bits vertical)	parameter math	trend (datalog) of
envelope	(+,-,*,/ of two	1 million events
exp (base e)	different parameters)	zoom (identity)
exp (base 10)	product (x)	

#### **Measure Tools**

Displays any 8 parameters together with statistics, including their average, high, low, and standard deviations. Histicons provide a fast, dynamic view of parameters and wave shape characteristics.

amplitude	first	number of points	width time@minimum (min.) time@maximum (max.) Øtime@level
area	histogram	+overshoot	
base	parameters	-overshoot	
cycles	last	peak-to-peak	
delay	level@ x	period	
Ødelay	maximum	phase	
duty cycle duration falltime (90–10%, 80–20% @level) frequency	mean median minimum narrowband power measurements	risetime (10-90%, 20-80% @level) rms	Øtime@level from trigger x@max x@min



## **Optional**

### **Advanced Customization Package (XDEV)**

This package provides a set of tools to modify the oscilloscope and customize it to meet your unique needs. Additional capability provided by XDEV includes:

- Creation of your own measurement parameter or math function, using third party software packages, and display of the result in the oscilloscope.
   Supported third party software packages include:
- VBScript
- MATLAB
- Excel
- Mathcad
- CustomDSO create your own user interface in a oscilloscope dialog box.
- Adding macro of keys to run VBScript files
- Support of plug-ins

### **Compliance Packages**

- ENET Ethernet Test Software Package
- SDA-FBDIMM FB-DIMM Solution Analysis Software Package
- SDA-HDMI HDMI Compliance Test Software Package
- SDA-PCIE-G2 PCI Express Development and Compliance Software for Gen1 and Gen2
- SDA-SAS SAS I/II Solution Analysis Compliance Software Package
- SDA-UWB UWB Test Solution Software Package
- SATA SATA Gen1/Gen2 Solution Analysis Software Package
- USB USB 2.0 Compliance Test Software Package

### **LeCroy M1 Timing Tools**

The SDA acquires data, calculates, displays, and analyzes jitter in clock and serial data. A wide variety of measurement tools is available including differential crossing point measurements. Jitter viewing tools include line graph, histogram, jitter spectrum, text, and eye diagram. Available in an advanced or basic version.

LeCroy M1 Timing Tool (Advanced, 1 oscilloscope) LeCroy M1 Timing Tool (Advanced, 4 oscilloscopes) LeCroy M1 Timing Tool (Basic) LeCROY M1/ADV-1 LeCROY M1/ADV-4 LeCROY M1/BASIC

# **Ordering Information**

Description	Product Code	<b>Description</b> Pro	oduct Code
4 Ch; 6 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 20 GS/s; 20 Mpts/Cl	h SDA 6020	Hardware and Software Option	
4 Ch; 6 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 10 GS/s; 50 Mpts/Cl 20 GS/s, 100 Mpts in 2 or 1 Ch	h; SDA 6000A XXL	32 Digital Oscilloscope Mixed Signal Option	MS-32-DSA
4 Ch; 4 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 20 GS/s; 20 Mpts/Cl	h SDA 4020	Hardware Options and Accessories	
4 Ch; 4 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 10 GS/s; 50 Mpts/Cl		1 MΩ Adapter includes PP005A Passive Probe	AP-1N
20 GS/s, 100 Mpts in 2 or 1 Ch	.,	Dual Monitor Display	DMD-1
4 Ch; 3 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 10 GS/s, 10 Mpts/Cl	h; SDA 3010	IEEE-488 GPIB Control Interface	GPIB-1
20 GS/s, 20 Mpts/Ch in 2 or 1 Ch		Keyboard, USB	KYBD-1
Memory Options SDA 6020/SDA 4020/SD	A 3010	ProLink-to-BNC Adapter; 1 each Kit of 4 ProLink BNC Adapters with Case	LPA-BNC*
16 Mpts/Ch (32 Mpts/Ch interleaved)	SDA-VL*	ProLink-to-SMA Adapter	LPA-BINC-KIT
25 Mpts/Ch (50 Mpts/Ch interleaved)	SDA-XL	Kit of 4 SMA ProLink Adapters with Case	LPA-SMA-KIT*
*SDA-VL memory option is not available for the SDA 3010.	JDA AL	Oscilloscope Cart with Additional Shelf and Drawer	OC1024
, .		Oscilloscope Cart	OC1024
Included with Standard Configurations		Rackmount Adapter with 25" (64 cm) Slides	RMA-25
ProLink Adapter SMA; 4 each (not included with SDA 3)	010) LPA-SMA	Rackmount Adapter with 30" (76 cm) Slides	RMA-30
ProLink Adapter BNC; 2 each (not included with SDA 30	110) LPA-BNC	Internal Graphics Printer	WM-GP02
Getting Started Manual		Removable Hard Drive Package (includes USB, CD-ROM,	WM-RHD
CD-ROM containing Operator's Manual,		removable hard drive, and spare hard drive)	
Remote Control Manual, and Automation Manual		Additional Removable Hard Drive	WM-RHD-02
CD-ROMs containing Utility Software, and		Soft Carrying Case	WM-SC0
Norton Antivirus Software (1 year subscription)		Hard Transit Case	WM-TC
CD-ROM Drive		*Not available with the SDA 3010.	
Optical 3-button Wheel Mouse-USB		Commission of Test Firstures	
Standard Ports; 10/100Base-T Ethernet, Parallel, SVGA Video Output, USB 2.0		Compliance Test Fixtures  Ethernet Compliance Test Fixture for 10Base-T	TF-10B1
Protective Front Cover		Ethernet Compliance Test Fixture for 100Base-T/1000Base	
Standard Commercial Calibration and Performance Ce	rtificate	[Includes a Set of 2 Test Fixtures Signals on	-I II-LINLI
3-Year Warranty	- Initiatio	Twisted Pair Cables (UTP)]	
·		Telecom Adapter Kit 100 $\Omega$ Bal., 120 $\Omega$ Bal., 75 $\Omega$ Unbal.	TF-E1
Software Options		HDMI Test Fixture Set (TPA-P-SE, TPA-P-DI)	TF-HDM
Application Specific Test and Analysis Software Op		Serial ATA Test Fixture (includes pair of SMA cables)	TF-SATA
Advanced Optical Recording Measurement	AORM	USB 2.0 Testing Compliance Test Fixture	TF-USB
Disk Drive Measurement Software Package	DDM2	Drohas Ontions and Droha Assessation	
Advanced Math and WaveShape Analysis Softwar	e Options	Probes Options and Probe Accessories	4 D00
Digital Filter Software Package	DFP2	1 GHz, Active Differential Probe (÷1, ÷10, ÷20)	AP034
Advanced M1 Software Package for	LECROYM1/ADV-1	WaveLink 7.5 GHz, Differential Probe Adjustable Tip Modu	
Jitter and Timing Measurements (1 seat)		WaveLink 7 GHz, Differential Probe Small Tip Module WaveLink 4 GHz, 5 V Differential Probe Small Tip Module	D600ST*
Advanced M1 Software Package for	LECROYM1/ADV-4	WaveLink 4 GHz, 5 v Differential Probe Small hip Module WaveLink 6 GHz, Differential Positioner Mounted	D35051** D500PT*
Jitter and Timing Measurements (4 seats)	L FOR ON (1) 44 (F) 4 010	Tip Probe Module	D500P1
Basic M1 Software Package for Jitter and Timing Measurements	LECROYM1/BASIC	WaveLink ProLink Probe Body	WL600
Advanced Customization Software Package	XDEV	2.5 GHz, 0.7 pF Active Probe (÷10), Small Form Factor	HFP2500
Processing Web Editor Software Package	XWEB		500-QUADPAK
for Functions and Parameters	AVVLD	High Impedance Active Probe	
Standards Compliance Software Options			000-QUADPAK
Ethernet Test Software Package	ENET	High Impedance Active Probe	05505
HDMI Compliance Test Software Package	SDA-HDMI	Optical-to-Electrical Converter, 500–870 nm ProLink BMA Connector	OE525
PCI Express Development and Compliance Software	SDA-PCIE-G2	Optical-to-Electrical Converter, 950–1630 nm	OE555
for Gen1 and Gen2		ProLink BMA Connector	
SAS I/II Solution Analysis Compliance Software Package		7.5 GHz, Low Capacitance Passive Probe 500/1000 $\Omega$	PP066
SATA Gen1/Gen2 Solution Analysis Software Package	SDA-SATA	Proba Daskow and Calibration Tast Fixture	TE DCO

SDA-SATA

USB2

SDA-UWB\*



UWB Test Solution Software Package

USB 2.0 Compliance Test Software Package

\*Compatible with SDA 6000A XXL and SDA 6020 only.

Local sales offices are located throughout the world. To find the most convenient one visit www.lecroy.com • No charge for return shipping • Long-term 7-year support • Upgrade to latest software at no charge

probes are warranted for one year.

Probe Deskew and Calibration Test Fixture

**Customer Service** 

This warranty includes:

\*For a complete probe, order a WL600 Probe Body with the Probe Tip Module.

LeCroy oscilloscopes and probes are designed, built, and tested to ensure high reliability. In the unlikely event you experience difficulties, our digital oscilloscopes are fully warranted for three years and our

SATA Gen1/Gen2 Solution Analysis Software Package

TF-DSQ