

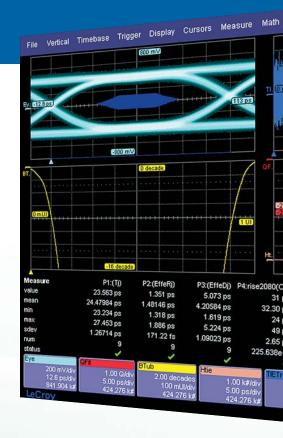
Raising the Bar for Serial Data Analysis

The SDA 18000 serial data analyzer is a true breakthrough in signal analysis. It delivers the industry's highest true analog bandwidth—18 GHz—as well as a combined highest sampling rate of 60 GS/s and memory of up to 150 million points available in a real-time test instrument.

Based on the industry's most advanced digital oscilloscope platform, the SDA 18000 is a 4-channel real-time serial data analyzer that offers outstanding analysis capabilities that normally would require two or three different analyzers.

Put these benefits to work for you:

- Pristine signal integrity measurements
- Accurate jitter analysis
- Powerful advanced waveform analysis
- Stable, repeatable results



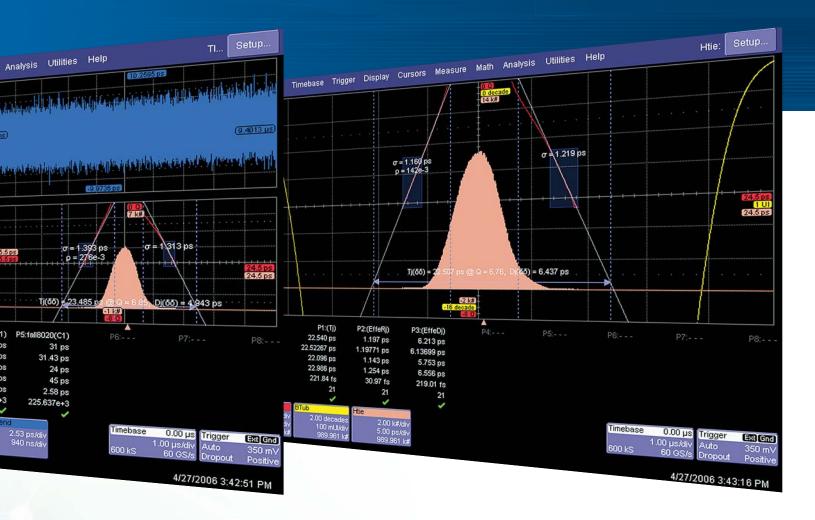
Data Rate Configuration Chart

| Standard | Data Rate/ Symbol Rate | Rise Time, ps min. (20%–80%) | Minimum Bandwidth | Recommended Oscilloscope |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PCI Express® Gen2 | 5 Gb/s | 30 ps | 12.5 GHz (Base Spec) | SDA 13000 |
| SATA II/III | Gen2 3 Gb/s Gen3 6 Gb/s | 100 ps (Gen1) 67 ps (Gen2) | > 10 GHz (SATA II) | SDA 11000 SDA 13000 |
| XAUI X2 | 6.25 Gb/s | 30 ps | ≥ 11 GHz | SDA 11000 |
| Fibre Channel 8.5 | 8.5 Gb/s | 30 ps | 18 GHz (Fibre Channel) | SDA 18000 |
| SAS II/SAS 6G | SAS II 3 Gb/s SAS 6G 6 Gb/s | 67 ps (Gen1) 33 ps (Gen2) | > 10 GHz (SAS II/SAS 6G) | SDA 18000 |
| FB-DIMM | FBD1 4.8 Gb/s | 30 ps | > 10 GHz (FB-DIMM) | SDA 9000 or SDA 11000 |
| | FBD2 9.6 Gb/s | | ≥ 13 GHz (FB-DIMM) | SDA 13000 |
| 10 Gb Ethernet | | | 18 GHz (10 Gb Ethernet) | SDA 18000 |

Sampling Oscilloscope Speed with Real Time Capabilities

The SDA 18000 has sufficient bandwidth to allow real-time measurements of the fastest serial data standards entering active development today, including 10 Gb/s Ethernet, and Fibre Channel 8.5. Previously, serial data measurements and jitter analysis of these signals could only be made with a sampling oscilloscope, a technique confined to monitoring well-behaved signals or small sequences of a repetitive bit pattern.

Capturing the data stream in real time with multiple points per transition edge with digitizing resolution as low as 16 ps per point allows the SDA 18000 to recover the embedded clock,



and phase lock to it, for precise jitter measurements. Now a complete breakdown of jitter composition is possible, even with non-repeating patterns or "live" data.

The user can instantly switch back to the individual bit pattern or the specific location where the mask violation has occurred.

Sampling at 60 GS/s assures excellent waveform capture fidelity, and the 150 million point memory depth allows the capture of long serial data patterns. This is most helpful in locating the sources of low frequency jitter modulation or tracking spread spectrum clocked (SSC) data.

SDA 13000, SDA 11000, and SDA 9000 – for Mid-speed Serial Data

The 13 GHz SDA 13000 is ideal for analysis in systems with serial data rates up to 7 Gb/s, while the 11 GHz SDA 11000 and 9 GHz SDA 9000 support rates up to 6.25 Gb/s and 5 Gb/s respectively. The three instruments feature an architecture supporting 2 channels at full BW. Each instrument shares the same advanced serial data and jitter analysis capabilities of the SDA 18000, including Q-Scale analysis. Lower bandwidth applications from 6 GHz to 4 GHz are also well served by a number of models in each bandwidth.

New Q-Scale Analysis for Unique Insight

A remarkable innovation included with the SDA Series is the Q-Scale analysis and plot view, a dramatic improvement that provides much more insight into jitter than any other method.

Q-Scale analysis uses an alternative method of breaking down jitter components. It also incorporates enhancements in extrapolating the jitter histogram tails, improving the accuracy, stability, and measurement convergence time.

The Q-Scale plot provides a visual representation of jitter breakdown, which is much more intuitive than a traditional bathtub curve.

A Total Solution for the Fastest Serial Data Rates

The LeCroy SDA 18000/13000/ 11000/9000 integrates all the key measurement and analysis tools into one device.

- Serial data measurements up to 10 Gb/s
- Supports testing of next generation serial data standards:
 - 10 Gb/s Ethernet
 - 8.5 Gb/s Fibre Channel
 - 6 Gb/s SATA III / 3 Gb/s SATA II
 - 6 Gb/s SAS
 - 4.8 Gb/s FB-DIMM
 - 6.25 Gb/s double XAUI
- WiMedia UWB Tx testing up through band group 5
- LeCroy 8b/10b serial decode option with powerful search capability enables captured waveforms to be searched for user-defined sequences of symbols. Multi-lane analysis decodes up to four simultaneously captured lanes.
- Capture of up to 12 million Unit Intervals (UI) in a single acquisition allows measurements of important low-frequency effects, such as spread spectrum clocking and switching power supply noise.
- LeCroy's Digital Signal Processing (DSP) technology brings uniformity in frequency and phase response, resulting in dependable eye pattern representation. LeCroy uses DSP for equalization compensation, not BW extension.
- Configurable software PLL for any standard or custom requirement.

A. Eye Patterns Show Mask Violations to the Bit

- Eye pattern measurement on up to 12 million consecutive bits captures patterns of PRBS > 2²³-1.
- Consecutive-bit eye pattern analysis allows for the measurement of the wave shapes of individual bits that violate the compliance mask (violation location).
- Fast update rate.
- Very low noise floor jitter (less than 350 fs rms, typical).

B. Jitter Trend

- Time domain view of jitter displays transient jitter events that can be missed by histogram approaches.
- Clearly shows any non-stationary jitter behavior.

C. Jitter Bathtub

- The bathtub curve is extrapolated from a TIE histogram rather than from a jitter model. This produces results that correlate better with those from a bit error rate tester (BERT).
- Presents jitter as a function of bit error rate.
- Predicts maximum Bit Error Rate (BER) performance of system.

D. Histogram with Q-Scale

- Display of measured jitter histogram clearly shows any unusual jitter distributions such as bi-modal or non-Gaussian tails.
- By simply viewing the jitter breakdown (Rj, Dj), the raw data view shows jitter behavior that can be lost.
- This unprocessed display gives a high degree of confidence in the accuracy of the jitter breakdown and bathtub curve.

X-Stream Architecture

An innovative and highly efficient software architecture optimized for complex processing of large waveforms, X-Stream has these industry exclusive features:

Fastest Processing Speed: X-Stream pipelines data at 10 Gb/s into acquisition memory. It is then packetized into segments small enough to allow the remaining processing to take place in the

processor cache memory—eliminating the need for constant external memory "fetches." This dramatically speeds up complex waveform processing.

Single Microsoft Windows® Application: In X-Stream, all of the oscilloscope operation, acquisition, and analysis take place in one single application running under Windows XP Professional. Data transfer within this application is optimized for

The SDA 18000 Features:

- 1. 18 GHz analog bandwidth
- 2. 19 ps (typ. 20–80%) rise time
- Up to 150 Mpts of waveform acquisition memory
- One-touch to Serial Data Analysis
- Sampling rates up to 60 GS/s with deepest memory
- Wavepilot provides easy access to powerful signal analysis capabilities.
- 7. Front panel USB 2.0



large waveform processing. Other oscilloscopes acquire the waveform in a basic scope application, and pass the data to other applications for serial data or jitter analysis. This less efficient design can limit the user to seeing either the eye pattern or the data waveform or the jitter analysis—but not all simultaneously.

Embedded user applications: Only X-Stream allows users to embed their

own processing application within the data stream and display the results—in real time. For example, users could write a routine that emulates the receiver equalization filter and insert it within the data stream. They could then see the eye pattern as the receiver does. They could also run a complete jitter breakdown analysis on the filter data—in real time with live data. Compare this with

running a filter routine off-line in a laptop with static acquired waveform data.

Application scripts can be written in Mathcad,® MATLAB,® VBScript, and even Excel.® An optional Processing Web Editor allows users to quickly combine their application script with built-in math functions in a simple to understand graphical object representation.

New Q-Scale—See Jitter Components Accurately

First introduced in real-time serial data analyzers by LeCroy, the new Q-Scale view shows a graphical representation of key jitter components. It is a powerful tool for the engineer troubleshooting the source of jitter in circuits.

In brief, Q-Scale analysis depicts a Gaussian distribution as a straight line.

There are two fundamental benefits of using Q-Scale:

- When placed on top of the reference line, you can instantly judge how Gaussian the distribution is. This is much easier than trying to look at the sides of a bathtub curve.
- Greatly improved stability of the Random Jitter (Rj) component.
 Because the Rj component is heavily weighted to form the Tj, the Total Jitter number is also much more repeatable.

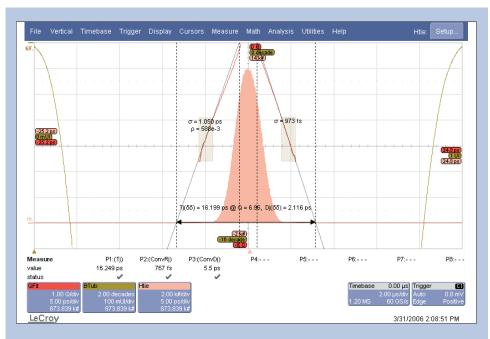
Interpreting the Q-Scale

As with any jitter histogram, the width indicates the amount of jitter. The slope of the grey lines decreases with increasing random jitter.

The alignment of the red lines with the grey reference lines indicates how close to pure Gaussian the distribution on the corresponding face is. Note that it is possible and common for the two faces of the histogram to be nonsymmetrical, and even represent different amounts of jitter relative to the ideal edge placement.

The bottom tails of the red lines curve inward toward the center when there is a bounded component present. Likely sources of this jitter would be cross talk and power supply noise.

The distance between the dotted lines in the center is the deterministic (effective Dj) component, in the



1. Linearity Reveals the Source of Random Jitter

When red line lies on grey reference, the face has a Gaussian distribution.

- Bottom curves outward = more Ri
- Bottom curves inward = more bounded

2. Total Jitter Population at Your Finger Tips

Base of the histogram is total jitter interval at selected BER (shown as dotted lines).

3. Precise Intuitive Calculation of Ri

Slope of grey line decreases with increasing Ri.

4. Directly View Dj Magnitude

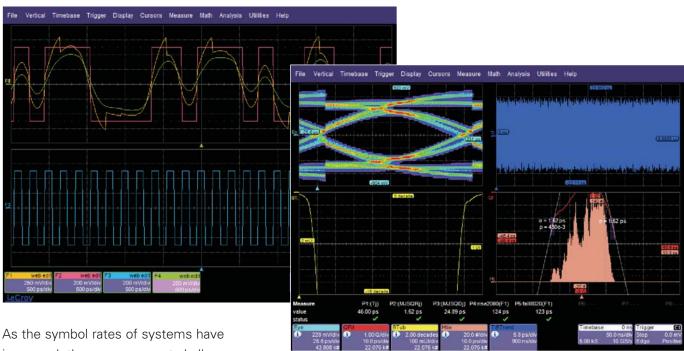
Intersection of the grey reference lines with the top of the grid represents the deterministic component in time (Effective Dj). Displayed as dotted vertical lines: Sigma value = Random Jitter Rho-fitting coefficient (quality of model fit)

correct time scale. There is no separation in these lines when the Dj is zero, indicating pure random jitter.

Three parameters are used to fit the tail of the histogram—Sigma, Mean, and Population. The Rho factor indicates the closeness of the data fit to the extrapolated model necessary

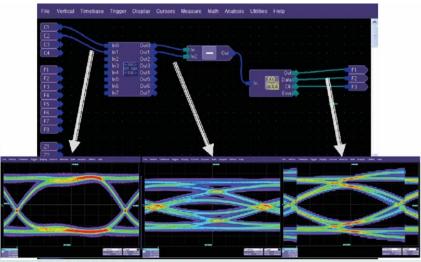
to extend the histogram to the selected BER. A value of 1.0 would indicate a perfect fit to a single Gaussian distribution. Rho is the amount of the distribution of the histogram fit into the extrapolated tail. Essentially, this number represents a figure of merit for the measurement quality.

Eye Doctor™ - Tools for Next Generation Serial Data Analysis



As the symbol rates of systems have increased, the measurement challenges have also and with the adoption of receiver equalization, traditional jitter and noise measurements are becoming inadequate for determining interoperability. Eye Doctor™ is a DSO-based instrumentation and simulation system which addresses these measurement challenges and is a dramatic leap in interoperability and compliance testing capability.

Eye Doctor provides the tools to undo or compensate many common forms of distortion thereby increasing signal to noise, opening eyes, increasing rise time, reducing jitter restoring lost bandwidth and improving waveform fidelity. Equalizer emulation simulates the signal as viewed within the receiver. The component can automatically determine the optimum weighting coefficients for both FFE and DFE with the number of taps for each selected by the user. Coefficients can also be entered directly. The full jitter analysis capability of the SDA is available on the equalized signal.



Measured Signal at Virtually Probed Signal Equalized Signal Transmitter at Receiver

Virtual Probing simulates signals from any point within the system using a single measured waveform. The virtual probe shown here is co-simulating a backplane which closes the eye. The equalizer corrects the distortion caused by the backplane which opens the eye. The Processing Web Editor is used to connect the equalizer and Virtual Probing elements in an intuitive signal flow diagram layout.

Advanced Analysis Tools

Extensive Capabilities Deliver Exceptional Performance

Although serial data compliance testing is widely available, analyzers that easily discover the reason for failing a compliance test are not. Only LeCroy SDA Series offers the class-leading serial data and jitter analysis toolset to help understand the causes behind the failure. With them, you can quickly identify the nature of the jitter and isolate the source of the problem.

To ensure your jitter measurements are comprehensive and precise, the SDA Series oscilloscope uses the standard industry breakdown for jitter, This means measurements are complete and correct. This level of jitter detail is unprecedented. By capturing jitter detail this accurately, jitter problems can be characterized and resolved quickly and efficiently.

The SDA Series contains the most analysis tools and jitter measurement methods available today. Combined with X-Stream, which provides the fastest analysis in this class of instrument, and up to 18 GHz of bandwidth, no other tool can offer more utility for the engineer designing high-speed serial data systems. Here are just a few of the unique capabilities in the LeCroy SDA Series.

ISI Plot – Isolate Specific Bit Patterns

Averages the contribution to the eye pattern from samples with the same combination of bit values preceding and following the plotted UI.

ISI Plot

The ISI plot displays data dependent jitter contributions to the eye pattern for the second-to-last bit of a bit length, set from 3 to 10. This plot measures data dependent jitter without the need for a repeating bit pattern.

Jitter Wizard

This feature automatically selects all of the critical instrument settings, ensuring the highest accuracy and repeatability.

 Sampling rate, level, bit rate, and pattern length are automatically detected.

Edge-to-Edge Jitter

In this mode, timing is measured on data transitions relative to one another in the same way as a TIA.

- Measurements can be displayed directly or compensated to correlate with phase jitter measurements.
- Tj, Rj, and Dj measurements can be made at specific UI spacings or for all spacings in the data stream.

Filtered Jitter

The SDA Series oscilloscope offers a filtered jitter mode to support ITU-T and SONET measurements.

 Band-pass filter with selectable upper and lower cutoff frequencies supplied.

Spread Spectrum Clock

LeCroy's unique long acquisition memory and fast sample rate are ideal for seeing fine details in data transmitted with Spread Spectrum Clocks (SSC). SSC is becoming popular due to its lower noise contribution. The modulation frequency used is low, typically 33 kHz. With 150 Mpts of waveform memory, the SDA 18000 can capture over 72 entire cycles of SSC while sampling at its maximum rate of 60 GS/s.

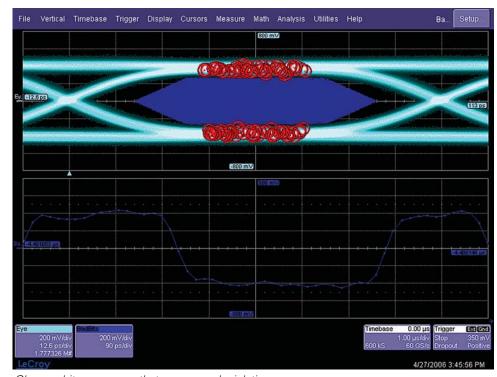
Mask Violation Locator and Multi-Eye

Mask failures are identified by contrasting color spots on the eye pattern, which appear anywhere the data intersects the mask template. Using the Mask Violation Locator tool, users can call up the actual stored bit stream waveform at the point in time of the initial failure. The actual bit sequence is also identified, pointing out any ISI problems. Cursor controls allow the user to instantly jump to the next violation, or any other that occurred in the stored pattern.

The mask violation locator works effectively on single and multiple eye masks. Multi-Eye can be used whenever two valid eye patterns occur in the same data channel, such as different transmit and receive waveforms in bi-directional channels (FSB) and transition/non-transition bit applications, as found in PCI Express. Independent measurements such as rise and fall time, eye amplitude, etc., can be made in each eye.



See multiple cycles of spread spectrum clocking.



Observe bit sequences that cause mask violations.

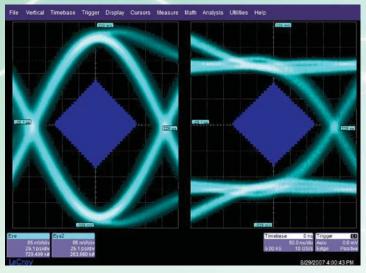
Next Generation Physical Layer Compliance Tests

Compliance Testing

The transfer of digital data signals is increasingly moving to serial format. Serial data has several advantages over parallel such as scalability, speed and compactness. At the same time, these new serial data standards require specialized measurements and compliance testing procedures which add complexity to their design. Spanning the

focus on systematic, step-by-step functional device development tasks by selecting tests from the checklist. The use of LeCroy's compliance test software in conjunction with the deep memory and powerful analysis library of the SDA instrument family greatly simplifies the verification process.

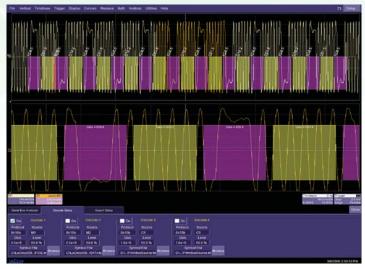
complete device development cycle, design engineers can



Transition and non-transition eye diagrams for PCI Express.



SATA compliance test maximum voltage check.



Configure and decode up to 4 channels.



Spectogram of a UWB signal hopping over three frequency bands of a band group.

Differential Probing Solutions

The DA18000 Differential Amplifier

The DA18000 Differential Amplifier is a very high bandwidth DC coupled differential amplifier with a true 100 Ω balanced input. It features high common mode rejection, low noise, and is designed to be used exclusively with the SDA 18000 Serial Data Analyzer. The amplifier has unity gain, to maximize the signal to noise performance when used with the lower amplitude signal voltages common in higher data rate systems.

The DA18000 is supplied with a short pair of input cables which are matched to an electrical propagation length of 2.5 ps. Use of the DA18000 with these cables eliminates the need to deskew and calibrate input channels for differential match, a problem



encountered when acquiring differential signals with two oscilloscope channels connected with long cables.

The DA18000 differential amplifier utilizes third generation digital response equalization, the same calibration method used in LeCroy's award winning high bandwidth probes. This provides the most accurate magnitude and phase response, assuring the high fidelity eye pattern measurements.

| Specification | Value |
|--|--|
| Input Configuration | True Differential, 100 Ω Balanced |
| Input Connector | 2.92 mm |
| Frequency Response, System | DC-18 GHz, Typical |
| Rise time, 20%-80%, System | < 24 ps, Typical |
| Rise time, 20%-80%, Probe Only | < 19 ps |
| Voltage Gain | X 1 |
| Voltage Gain Accuracy | 2%, (20-30 °C) |
| Max. Offset Voltage, RTI | < 5 mV |
| Noise, System | 1 mV _{rms,} Typical |
| Maximum Input – Differential with ÷2 Attenuators | ± 400 mV (800 mV _{p-p}) ± 800 mV (1.6 V _{p-p}) |
| Maximum Input – Common Mode with ÷2 Attenuators | ±10 V 7 V _{rms} |
| Common Mode Resistance, DC | 25 kΩ |
| | |

Included with the DA18000:

Electrically matched input cables (2), $\div 2$ precision attenuators (2), ESD dissipating wrist strap, Instruction Manual, certificate of traceable calibration, soft accessory case.

D13000PS/D11000PS Differential Probe System

The D13000PS/D11000PS extends the full signal acquisition performance of the SDA 13000, SDA 11000 and SDA 9000 to the probe tips. With 13/11 GHz system bandwidth, the probe enables direct measurement of high-speed serial data streams up to 6.25 Gb/s.

When used to acquire input signals for the SDA 13000, SDA 11000, SDA 9000, or SDA 18000, the D13000PS/D11000PS provides unprecedented waveform fidelity, even with signals at higher serial data rates. Each probe utilizes third generation response compensation calibration, the most advanced in use today, to provide optimal system response.

The D13000PS/D11000PS provides both direct Solder-In and cabled SMA-connector interconnect lead assemblies. The D13000PS also provides SMP cables for additional cabling options. Each interconnect lead comes with a dedicated probe amplifier module that has calibration data optimized for the respective lead. This eliminates the performance compromise of using a single calibration for multiple lead types.



Specifications

| | | SDA 18000 | | SDA | 13000 | SDA | A 11000 | SDA | 9000 |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Vertical System | 18 GHz/Ch Mode | 11 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 13 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 11 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 9 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode |
| Analog Bandwidth @ 50 Ω (-3 dB) | 18 GHz | 11 GHz | 6 GHz | 13 GHz | 6 GHz | 11 GHz | 6 GHz | 9 GHz | 6 GHz |
| Rise Time (Typical, 10–90%) | 27 ps | 40 ps | 75 ps | 35 ps | 75 ps | 40 ps | 75 ps | 49 ps | 75 ps |
| Rise Time (Typical, 20–80%) | 19 ps | 28 ps | | 25 ps | | 28 ps | | | |
| Input Channels | 1 | 1 | 4, 2, or 1 | 2 or 1 | 4 or 2 | 2 or 1 | 4 or 2 | 2 or 1 | 4 or 2 |
| Bandwidth Limiters | Full B\ | N only | 20 MHz, 200 MHz, 1 GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz | Full BW only | 20 MHz, 200 MHz, 1GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz | Full BW only | 20 MHz, 200 MHz, 1 GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz | Full BW only | 20 MHz, 200 MHz, 1 GHz, 3 GHz, 4 GHz |
| Input Impedance | 50 Ω ±2.0 | % | | | | | | | |
| Input Coupling | DC, GND | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum Input Voltage | ±4 V _{peak} | | | | | | | | |
| Vertical Resolution | 8 bits; up 1 | to 11 bits wit | h enhanced reso | olution (ERES) | | | | | |
| Sensitivity | (< 10 | -1 V/div mV/div Jh zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (fully variable, < 10 mV/div through zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (< 10 mV/div through zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (fully variable, <10 mV/div through zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (< 10 mV/div through zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (fully variable, <10 mV/div through zoom) | 2 mV-1 V/div (< 10 mV/div through zoom) | |
| DC Gain Accuracy | ±1.5% of f | ull scale | | | | | | | |
| Offset Range | ±750 mV 2 mV– 141 mV/d ±4 V @ 141 mV–1 | iv | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 141 mV/div ±4 V @ 195 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 159 mV/div ±4 V @ 159 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 195 mV/div ±4 V @ 195 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 195 mV/div ±4 V @ 195 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 195 mV/div ±4 V @ 195 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 141 mV/div ±4 V @ 141 mV-1 V/div | ±750 mV @ 2 mV- 195 mV/div ±4 V @ ⁄ 195 mV-1 V/div |

Offset Accuracy $\pm (1.5\% \text{ of full scale} +1.5\% \text{ of offset value} +2 \text{ mV})$

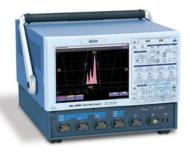
Horizontal System

| Timebases | Internal timebase com 4 input channels; an ex 100 MHz reference ma applied on the rear par | kternal ay be | Internal timek | ase common | to 4 input ch | annels | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Time/Division Range, Real Time | 10 ps/div-100 µs/div (standard memory) 10 ps/div-500 µs/div (-XL memory) | 20 ps/div– 10 s/div | 10 ps/div– 100 μs/div (standard memory) 10 ps/div– 500 μs/div (-XL memory) | 20 ps/div– 10 s/div | 10 ps/div– 100 µs/div (standard memory) 10 ps/div– 500 µs/div (-XL memory) | 20 ps/div– 10 s/div | 10 ps/div- 100 µs/div (standard memory) 10 ps/div- 500 µs/div (-XL memory) | 20 ps/div– 10 s/div |
| Time/Division Range, Random Interleave sampling (RIS) | N/A | to 20 ps/div (upper time/ div limit function of sample rate and memory length settings) | N/A | to 20 ps/div (upper time/ div limit function of sample rate and memory length settings) | N/A | to 20 ps/div (upper time/ div limit function of sample rate and memory length settings) | N/A | to 20 ps/div (upper time/ div limit function of sample rate and memory length settings) |
| Math and Zoom Traces | 8 independent zoom a | nd 8 math or zo | om traces | | | | | |
| Sample Rate and Delay Time Accuracy | ±1 ppm, aging < 1 ppr | n/year @ 25°C | | | | | | |
| Time Interval Accuracy | ≤ 0.06/SR + (1 ppm, ag | ging < 1 ppm/ye | | | | | | |
| Jitter Noise Floor | < 350 fs rms measured with 35 ps rise time (typical) | 1 ps rms (typical) | < 350 fs rms measured with 35 ps rise time (typical) | 1 ps rms (typical) | < 350 fs rms measured with 35 ps rise time (typical) | 1 ps rms (typical) | < 350 fs rms measured with 35 ps rise time (typical) | 1 ps rms (typical) |
| Trigger and Interpolator Jitter | < 2.5 ps rms (typical) | | | | | | | |
| Channel-Channel Deskew Range | ±9 x time/div. setting, | or 25 ns, which | ever is larger | | | | | |
| External Timebase Reference In | 100 MHz; 50 Ω impeda | ance, applied at | the rear input | | | N/A | | NA |

| | SDA 18000 | | SDA 13000 | | SDA | 11000 | SDA 9000 | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| Acquisition System | 18 GHz/Ch Mode | 11 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 13 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 11 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode | 9 GHz/Ch Mode | 6 GHz/Ch Mode |
| Single-Shot Sample Rate/Ch | 60 GS/s on 1 Ch | 40 GS/s on 1 Ch | 20 GS/s on 4, 2, or 1 Ch | 40 GS/s on 2 or 1 Ch | 20 GS/s on 4 or 2 Ch | 40 GS/s on 2 or 1 Ch | 20 GS/s on 4 or 2 Ch | 40 GS/s on 2 or 1 Ch | 20 GS/s on 4 or 2 Ch |
| Random Interleaved Sampling (RIS) | N/A | | 200 GS/s for repetitive signals, to 20 ps /div. | N/A | 200 GS/s for repetitive signals, to 20 ps /div. | N/A | 200 GS/s for repetitive signals, to 20 ps /div. | N/A | 200 GS/s fo repetitive signals, to 20 ps /div |
| Maximum Trigger Rate | 150,000 v | /aveforms / | second | | | | | | |
| Intersegment Time | 6 µs | | | | | | | | |
| Maximum Acquisition Memory Points/Ch | 1 Ch | 1 Ch | 4 Ch | 2 Ch | 4 Ch | 2 Ch | 4 Ch | 2 Ch | 4 Ch |
| Standard Memory | 60 M | 40 M | 20 M | 40 M | 20 M | 40 M | 20 M | 40 M | 20 M |
| XL – Memory Option | 150 M | 100 M | 50 M | 100 M | 50 M | 100 M | 50 M | 100 M | 50 M |
| Acquisition Processing | | | | | | | | | |
| Averaging | Summed | averaging to | 1 million sweer | os: continuo | us averaging to 1 | l million swe | ens | | |
| Enhanced Resolution (ERES) | | | rtical resolution | 50, 0011111100 | ao avoraging to | | оро | | |
| Envelope (Extrema) | | | f for up to 1 mill | ion sweens | | | | | |
| • | Ептогоро, | 11001, 01 100 | 1 101 up to 1 111111 | юн эччоорэ | | | | | |
| Triggering System | | | | | | | | | |
| Modes | Normal, A | uto, Single, | and Stop | | | | | | |
| Sources* | Any input | channel, Ex | ternal, Ext X 10, | Ext ÷10, or | line; slope and le | evel unique | to each source (| except line | trigger) |
| Coupling Mode | DC | | | | | | | | |
| Pre-trigger Delay | 0–100% c | f memory s | ize (adjustable ir | 1% increm | ents) | | | | |
| Post-trigger Delay | the smalle | r of 0–10,00 | 00 divisions or 80 | 6400 second | ds | | | | |
| Hold-off by Time or Events | From 2 ns | up to 20 s | or from 1 to 99,9 | 999,999 eve | nts | | | | |
| Internal Trigger Range | ±5 div fro | m center | | | | | | | |
| Trigger Sensitivity with Edge Trigger (Ch 1–4) | 3 div @ ≤ 2 div @ < 1.2 div @ | , | oical) | | | | | | |
| External Trigger Sensitivity, | 300 mV @ | ≤ 5 GHz, | | | | | | | |
| (Edge Trigger) | 200 mV @ | < 4 GHz, | | | | | | | |
| | 120 mV < | 3 GHz (typic | cal) | | | | | | |
| Max. Trigger Frequency, SMART Trigger™ | 750 MHz | @ ≤ 10 mV | | | | | | | |
| External Trigger Input Range | Aux (±0.4 | V); Aux X10 | (±0.04 V); Aux/ | 10 (±4 V) | | | | | |
| Basic Triggers | | | | | | | | | |
| Edge/Slope/Line | Trigaers w | hen signal r | neets slope and | level condit | ion. | | | | |
| SMART Triggers | 33 - | | | | | | | | |
| State or Edge Qualified | Triggara - | 0.001/ | nouron only if - | dofinad at-+ | or odge coe: | od on anath | or input sauss- | | |
| State of Euge Qualified | | | source only it a c es is selectable b | | e or edge occurr | eu on anoth | er input source. | | |
| Dropout | | | | | d time between | 2 ne and 20 | 6 | | |
| Pattern | - 00 | 0 1 | | | | | | + | |
| rallelli | Logic combination (AND, NAND, OR, NOR) of 5 inputs* – 4 channels and external trigger input. Each source can be high, low, or don't care. The High and Low level can be selected independently. | | | | | | | | |
| | Fach cour | ca can ha hi | ah low, or don't | teara the L | tigh and Low/lov | ıal can ha cı | alactad indanana | lently | |

^{*}Non-active channels are not available as trigger sources when operating in high bandwidth modes (9 GHz, 13 GHz, 11 GHz, or 18 GHz)

Specifications









SDA 18000 SDA 13000 SDA 11000 SDA 9000

| SMA | | | | | |
|------------|-----|-------|------|------|------|
| with | Exc | lusic | n Te | chno | logy |

| With Exclusion reciliology | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Glitch | Triggers on positive or negative glitches with widths selectable from 600 ps to 20 s, or on intermittent faults |
| Signal or Pattern Width | Triggers on positive or negative pulse widths selectable from 600 ps to 20 s, or on intermittent faults |
| Signal or Pattern Interval | Triggers on intervals selectable between 2 ns and 20 s. |
| Setup Storage | |
| Front Panel and Instrument Status | Store to the internal hard drive or to a USB-connected peripheral device. |
| Power Requirements | |
| Voltage | 100-120 VAC ±10% at 50/60/400 Hz; 200-240 VAC ±10% at 50/60 Hz; Automatic AC Voltage Selection |
| Max. Power Consumption | 800 VA (800 W) |
| Environmental | |
| Temperature (Operating) | +5 °C to +40 °C including CD-ROM drives |
| Temperature (Non-Operating) | -20 °C to +60 °C |
| Humidity (Operating) | 5% to 80% relative humidity (non-condensing) up to +30 °C. Upper limit derates to 25% relative humidity (non-condensing) at +40 °C. |
| Humidity (Non-Operating) | 5% to 95% relative humidity (non-condensing) as tested per MIL-PRF-28800F |
| Physical Dimensions | |
| Dimensions (HWD) | 310 mm x 447 mm x 500 mm; 12.2" x 17.6" x 19.7" (height excludes feet) |
| Weight | 27 kg; 59 lbs. |
| Shipping Weight | 36 kg; 80 lbs. |
| Certifications | |
| | CE Compliant; UL and cUL listed; Conforms to EN 61326 (for EMC); EN 61010, UL 61010B-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1 (for safety) |
| Warranty and Service | |
| | 3-year warranty; calibration recommended annually. Optional service programs include extended warranty, upgrades, and calibration services. |

Standard

Advanced Serial Data Analysis Tools

Eye Diagram

bit rate pattern detect Tx density mask test with violation locator eye amplitude

eye timing eye crossing extinction ratio average power

Clock Recovery

standard PLL settings (FC GOLDEN, PCI Express, DVI, Custom) custom filter settings number of poles natural frequency damping factor

Jitter Analysis

jitter wizard edge to reference (data to clock) edge to edge (data to data) conventional effective MJSQ basic (Tj, Rj, Dj) Dj breakdown (DDj, Pj, DCD) advanced (peak-peak and rms)

ISI plot with bit sequence tracking

synchronous N-cycle with bit pattern display bathtub curve jitter histogram filtered jitter periodic jitter (Pj) with peak frequency listing TIE clock jitter period jitter half-period jitter cycle-cycle jitter

Math Tools

TIE iitter

Display up to four math function traces (F1 - F4). The easy-to-use graphical interface simplifies setup of up to two operations on each function trace, and function traces can be chained together to perform math-on-math.

absolute value
Auto-correlation function
average (summed)
average (continuous)
cubic interpolation
function
derivative
deskew (resample)
difference (–)
enhanced resolution
(to 11 bits vertical)
envelope
exp (base e)
exp (base 10)

fft (power spectrum, magnitude, phase, up to 25 Mpts) floor histogram of 2 billion events integral invert (negate) log (base e) log (base 10) parameter math (+,-,*,/ of two different parameters)

product (x)

ratio (/)
reciprocal
rescale (with units)
roof
(sinx)/x
sparse function
square
square root
sum (+)
track graphs
trend (datalog) of
1 million events
zoom (identity)

Measure Tools

Displays any 8 parameters together with statistics, including their average, high, low, and standard deviations. Histicons provide a fast, dynamic view of parameters and wave shape characteristics.

amplitude first number of points width area histogram +overshoot time@minimum base parameters -overshoot (min.) last time@maximum cycles peak-to-peak level@ x delay (max) period Δ delay maximum Δ time@level phase risetime (10–90%, Δ time@level from duty cycle mean duration median 20-80% @level) trigger falltime (90-10%, x@max minimum rms 80-20% @level) x@min narrowband power std deviation frequency measurements top

Pass/Fail Testing

Simultaneously test multiple parameters against selectable parameter limits or pre-defined masks. Pass or fail conditions can initiate actions, including document to local or networked files, e-mail the image of the failure, save waveforms, output a pulse via the the front panel auxiliary BNC output, or (with the GPIB option) send a GPIB SRQ.

8B/10B Protocol Decoding

Simultaneously translates up to 4 lanes of 8B/10B encoded Serial Data waveforms into symbol views to allow easier troubleshooting. This allows the user to quickly correlate protocol events with the physical serial data waveform. The decoder operates with 8B/10B encoded data at rates up to 6.25 Gb/s.

Optional

Advanced Customization Package (XDEV)

This package provides a set of tools to modify the oscilloscope and customize it to meet your unique needs. Additional capability provided by XDEV includes:

- Creation of your own measurement parameter or math function, using third party software packages, and display of the result in the oscilloscope. Supported third party software packages include:
- VBScript
- MATLAB
- Excel
- Mathcad
- CustomDSO create your own user interface in a oscilloscope dialog box.
- · Adding macro of keys to run VBScript files
- Support of plug-ins

Serial Data Compliance Packages

- QPHY-ENET Ethernet Application Software Package
- QPHY-USB USB Application Software Package
- SDA-SATA SATA Gen1/Gen2 Solution Analysis Software Package
- SDA-FBDIMM FB-DIMM Solution Analysis Software Package
- SDA-HDMI HDMI Compliance Test Software Package
- SDA-PCIE-G2 PCI Express Development and Compliance Software for Gen1 and Gen2
- SDA-SAS SAS I/II Solution Analysis Compliance Software Package
- SDA-UWB UWB Test Solution Software Package

Ordering Information

| Description | Product Code |
|--|---------------------|
| Serial Data Analyzers | |
| 4 Ch; 18 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 18 GHz, 60 GS/s 60 Mpts on 1 Ch, 6 GHz, 20 GS/s 20 Mpts/Ch on 4 Ch | SDA 18000 |
| 4 Ch; 13/6 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 13 GHz, 40 GS/s 40 Mpts on 2 Ch; 6 GHz, 20 GS/s 20 Mpts on 4 Ch | SDA 13000 |
| 4 Ch; 11/6 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 11 GHz, 40 GS/s 40 Mpts on 2 Ch; 6 GHz, 20 GS/s 20 Mpts on 4 Ch | SDA 11000 |
| 4 Ch; 9 GHz Serial Data Analyzer; 9 GHz 40 GS/s 40 Mpts/Ch on 2 Ch; 6 GHz, 20 GS/s 20 Mpts/Ch on 4 Ch | SDA 9000 |
| Included with Standard Configuration | |
| ProLink Adapter, Type K; 1 each (SDA 18000 only) | LPA-K |
| ProLink Adapter, SMA; 4 each (3 each with SDA 18000) | LPA-SMA |
| ProLink Adapter BNC; 2 each | LPA-BNC |
| Printed Getting Started Manual, Operator's Manual | |
| CD-ROMs containing Operator's Manual, Remote Control Manual, Automation Manual, and Software Options Manual | |
| CD-ROMs containing Utility Software and | |
| Norton Antivirus Software (1 year subscription) | |
| CD-ROM Drive | |
| Optical 3-button Wheel Mouse-USB | |
| Standard Ports; 10/100Base-T Ethernet, Parallel, | |
| SVGA Video Output, PowerMac G4/QS USB 2.0 | |
| Power Cable (for the country ordered from) | |
| Protective Front Cover | |
| Standard Commercial Calibration and Performance Certificate | |
| 3-Year Warranty | |
| Memory Options | |
| For SDA 18000: | |
| 150 Mpts/18 GHz, 100 Mpts/11 GHz, 50 Mpts/4 Ch | SDA18-XL |
| For SDA 13000: | |
| 100 Mpts/13 GHz, 50 Mpts/4 Ch | SDA13-XL |
| For SDA 11000: | |
| 100 Mpts/11 GHz, 50 Mpts/4 Ch | SDA11-XL |
| For SDA 9000: | |
| 100 Mpts/9 GHz, 50 Mpts/4 Ch | SDA9-XL |
| Software Options | |
| Compliance Software Options | |
| QualiPHY Automated Test and Reporting Software Package | QPHY |
| Ethernet Application Software Package | QPHY-ENET* |
| USB Application Software Package | QPHY-USB** |
| FB-DIMM Solution Analysis Compliance Software Package (SDA 13000 / SDA 11000 / SDA 9000 only) | SDA-FBDIMM |
| HDMI Compliance Test Software Package | SDA-HDMI |
| PCI Express Development and Compliance Software for Gen1 and Gen2 | SDA-PCIE-G2 |
| SAS Compliance Software Package | SDA-SAS |
| SATA Gen1/Gen2 Solution Analysis Software Package | SDA-SATA |
| UWB Test Solution Software Package | SDA-UWB |
| Application Specific Test and Analysis Software Options | |
| Advanced Optical Recording Measurement Software Package | AORM |
| Disk Drive Measurements Software Package | DDM2 |
| | |

^{*}TF-ENET-B required. **TF-USB-B required.



Local sales offices are located throughout the world. To find the most convenient one visit www.lecroy.com

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| Description | Product Code |
|-------------|--------------|
|-------------|--------------|

| Software Options (cont'd) | |
|---|----------|
| Advanced Math and WaveShape Analysis Software Options | |
| Digital Filter Software Package | DFP2 |
| Advanced Customization Software Package | XDEV |
| Processing Web Editor Software Package | XWEB |
| Eye Doctor (Virtual probe and equalizer emulation bundle) | EYEDR |
| Virtual Probe | EYEDR-VP |
| Equalizer Emulation | EYEDR-EQ |

Hardware and Software Option

32 Digital Oscilloscope Mixed Signal Option MS-32-DSA

| 2 x 36 inch SMA to SMA Cable | ENET-2CAB-SMA036 |
|--|------------------|
| 2 x 18 inch SMA to SMA Cable | ENET-2CAB-SMA018 |
| 2 x BNC to SMA Adapter | ENET-2ADA-BNCSMA |
| 40 GHz Trigger Prescaler | SDA-TPS |
| 1 M Ω Adapter includes PP005A Passive Probe | AP-1M |
| IEEE-488 GPIB Control Interface | GPIB-1 |
| Dual Monitor Display | DMD-1 |
| Keyboard, USB | KYBD-1 |
| ProLink-to-BNC Adapter; 1 each | LPA-BNC |
| Kit of 4 ProLink BNC Adapters with Case | LPA-BNC-KIT |
| ProLink-to-SMA Adapter | LPA-SMA |
| Kit of 4 SMA ProLink Adapters with Case | LPA-SMA-KIT |
| ProLink-to-Type 'K' adapter; 1 each | LPA-K |
| Oscilloscope Cart with Additional Shelf and Drawer | OC1024 |
| Oscilloscope Cart | OC1021 |
| Removable Hard Drive Package | WM-RHD |
| Additional Removable Hard Drive | WM-RHD-02 |
| Hard Shell Transit Case | SDA11-TC1 |
| | |

Compliance Test Fixtures

| HDMI Test Fixture Set (TPA-P-SE, TPA-P-DI) | TF-HDMI |
|--|------------|
| 10/100/1000Base-T Compliance Test Fixture | TF-ENET-B* |
| USB 2.0 Testing Compliance Test Fixture | TF-USB-B |
| Telecom Adapter Kit 100 Ω Bal., 120 Ω Bal., 75 Ω Unbal. | TF-ET |
| Serial ATA Test Fixture (Includes Pair of SMA Cables) | TF-SATA |
| *Includes ENET-2CAB-SMA018. | |

Probe Options and Probe Accessories

| 1 TODO Optiono una 1 TODO 7 TODOCTICO | |
|--|-----------|
| 18 GHz Differential Amplifier (SDA 18000 only) | DA18000 |
| 13 GHz Differential Probe System | D13000PS |
| 11 GHz Differential Probe System | D11000PS |
| WaveLink 7.5 GHz, Differential Probe Adjustable Tip Module | D600A-AT* |
| WaveLink 7 GHz, Differential Probe Small Tip Module | D600ST* |
| WaveLink 4 GHz, 5 V Differential Probe Small Tip Module | D350ST* |
| WaveLink 6 GHz, Differential Positioner Mounted Tip Probe Module | D500PT* |
| WaveLink ProLink Probe Body | WL600 |
| 1 GHz Active Differential Probe (÷1, ÷10, ÷20) | AP034 |
| 7.5 GHz Low Capacitance Passive Probe (÷10, 1 kΩ; ÷20, 500 Ω) | PP066 |
| 2.5 GHz 0.7 pF Active Probe (÷10), Small Form Factor | HFP2500 |
| Probe Deskew and Calibration Test Fixture | TF-DSQ |
| Cascade Microtech EZ-Probe Positioner | EZ PROBE |
| | |

^{*}For a complete probe, order a WL600 Probe Body with the Probe Tip Module.

Customer Service

LeCroy oscilloscopes are designed, built, and tested to ensure high reliability. In the unlikely event you experience difficulties, our digital oscilloscopes are fully warranted for three years, and LeCroy probes are warranted for one year.

This warranty includes: \bullet No charge for return shipping \bullet Long-term 7-year support

[•] Upgrade to latest software at no charge